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LETTERS OF THE PEOPLE.

HOW DEMOCRATS TRIED TO PREVENT FREE SPEECH IN NORTH CAROLINA IN AUG. CAMPAIGN.

A LETTER FROM HON. I. N. EBBS.

A Suit h as Been Instituted in Louisiana Contesting the Validity of the Late Amendment to the Constitution of That State—To be Made a Test Case.

The Constitution of the United States says: "Congress shall make no laws respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting free exercise thereof, or abridge the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Governor for a redress of grievances. Amendments, article 1, page 628 of the Code, Vol. 2. And in the preamble to our state constitution, civil, political and religious liberty is affirmed, and it is stated, "for the more certain security thereof and for the better government of this state, ordain and establish this constitution.". Page 678 of the Code, volume 2. So that we have some constitutional guaranty in respect to liberty of speech whether civil, political or religious; and in this connection the most pertinent and prominent questions would seem to be, what is political freedom? What is liberty of speech? Political freedom embraces in broad terms the right to exercise unmolested all the rights and privileges of an American citizen guaranteed by the fundamental law of the United States, and of the state, not inconsistent therewith; and such other laws, state and national, as shall incidentally confer these rights and privileges upon the citizens. So it is declared that man shall worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience, and that no human authority shall interfere with this *right*. See 26th amendment, article 1, Vol. 2, page 685 of the State Constitution. It is stated as a truth that the arts and the sciences flourish together, and it might be said axiomatically that civil, religious and political liberty are inseparable and must be maintained together, and hence liberty or freedom of speech much logically embrace the right of the citizen to express without let or hinderance, his political views and faith, no matter whether they accord or not with the dominant party, so long as he can get people to listen to him, and he keeps within the limits of the law. No citizen, or body of citizens would have a right to molest him, or prevent a free expression of his political thought or ideas, no matter how objectionable they might be to those holding different political views, so long as stated the speaker remains within the pails of the law and does not abuse his great privilege. In fact, the General Assembly of the state regarded this matter with so much respect that it passed an act making it a midemeanor to interfere with any political meeting or gathering.

Notwithstanding, the fundamental laws of the state and nation, and the law above referred to, did the republican and populist speakers have these rights accorded to them? Every body in the state knows that they did not have these rights accorded to them. At some points in the state they were met by red shirts and not permitted to get off of the cars to go to their appointments, and at other places they were met by bands of armed men, who were ready to enforce their purpose to prevent speaking; and at Smithfield they did actually drag a speaker from the stand and across the street, with words of abuse, and blows, and tore the stand to pieces. These are only a few of the instances of ruffianism practiced by the dominant party. On all occasions the passions and prejudices were greatly aroused by the inflamitory speeches made by the leaders and speakers of the Democratic party men who claimed to be statesmen and members of the great Anglo Saxon. Yet those who did not hesitate to say anything that would help to inflame the people of the white race to greater strife and commotion, and bring out their savage qualities.

Can such work as this be statemenship, of which any man in his sober senses could endorse, or be proud of? We think not. The writer of this article heard one of the most prominent men in the Democratic party, at a political meeting, use language no gentleman would be guilty of, for it was without argument and nothing but a tirade of vilification and abuse of the populist and white republicans. When asked by a populist for an opportunity to reply to this speech the opportunity was refused, and why? because the speaker knew full well that a complete answer could be made to his negro argument and tirade of abuse.

This learned stateman, and lawyer said among other things, "Any one who tells you that the constitutional amendment is not constitutional lies and he knows that he lies." We wonder how he feels now after both Virginia and Alabama constitutional conventions have turned the North Carolina amendment down as being unconstitutional; and they state that a serious objection to our amendment is that it affords an incentive for the negro to become educated, and leaves the whites without such encouragement. We assume that in other parts of the state similar speeches were made and similar occurrances took place. A disgrace to modern civilization, and to conservative North Carolina.

We believe that God, in his own good time, will settle with those responsible for such outrages, and the manipulation of ballots and other election frauds. The answer some times given by these people is that in Pennsylvania and other Northern states similar frauds are committed. But in all soberness can this be any answer, from the standpoint of an honest man, or in other words can an honest man be satisfied with such an answer. We think not, for how can he be? A does an evil, and D justifies his evil conduct because A has been guilty of like evil conduct. Shame on such justification.

Brother Kingsbury of the Wilmington Messenger, says that there is as much free speech in the state now as there was in 1860, 1870,1880, 1890 or later. Brother Kingsbury do you not know that in the state campaign of 1900 that there was no political or religious liberty in the state? Do you not know that even preachers were afraid to speak their political sentiments if they differed from those entertained by the democratic machine? Do you not know that in some churches in the state that there is still great division on account of the political views held by some of the members, which are not endorsed by the democratic members; and that this thing has gone so far that the democratic members will not take the bread and wine at the communion service when handed around by a populist or republican, and that even now it is stated by the democratic press that the populist will not be recognized by the Democratic party of the state or by the state administration, and yet in the same paper they claim that there is liberty of thought and freedom of speech.

If you don't know these things then you ought not to write so freely about something that you have not considered, or when you don't know the facts in the case. It will, however, be hard for a man of your intelligence and sources of information to convince any one that you do not know the conditions that exist, and have existed in North Carolina for the last four or five years, or that you believe the statements made by you.

We think that you and all others who are so ready to jump on Mr. Page and Brother Bailey, had better take Brother C. Troy's advice and go slow; for you know if there ever was a state that needed toleration and freedom of speech, and political freedom, that state is North Carolina. We, democrats, populists and republicans, all know it, and you cannot, be your pen ever so facile, cover the fact up. The great common people—the masses are beginning to think for themselves, and they will soon see through all such schemes. Then beware.

A CITIZEN.

A SUIT INSTITUTED IN LOUISIANA TO TEST THE GRAND-FATHER CLAUSE.

For The Caucasian

New Orleans, La., July 11,—Yesterday a suit, the first one of the kind, was commenced in the courts of Louisiana, to test the validity of the late Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to disfranchising voters on the illiterate and property qualifications clause of the Constitution of Louisiana. The suit is brought on these two grounds for the reason that the time for registration under the "grandfather clause" has passed, and the hope that the entire validity of the Constitution of the State can be tested in this suit on the grounds mentioned.

The object of this suit is to make a test case of the validity of the State's Constitution. It has been the intention of prominent Republicans for some time to test the validity of this clause, but not until Wednesday was there an opportunity, then Col. Jerry Gleason, registrar, refused to allow a negro named Ryves to register, Ryves went to the registers office with Col. James Lewis and other prominent Republicans with the purpose of registering, Col. Gleason, on questioning the man, refused to allow him to register and then James Lewis admitted this was going to be made a test case. The applicant did not have the necessary qualifications, under the Louisiana Constitution, adopted May 12, 1898, and went into effect August 31, about three and half months thereafter, and consequently was refused the right to register by Col. Gleason, the registrar. When asked about the case yesterday Col. Gleason said that the negro went to the register's office and made application to register. He was asked if he could read and write and he said he could not. He was then asked if he owned the necessary amount of property to qualify him as a voter, and Ryves said he did not. Col. Gleason then told him that he could not register him. Col. Gleason admits that this law applies to both colors and would be rigidly enforced. After the refusal James Lewis said that they had taken Ryves to the office to see if he could register, and that if he was refused a test case would be made of it—I take it that this case will be watched with great interest all over the South and probably the North. "This," so a very prominent Republican said yesterday, "is the beginning of the fight of the Afro-American Council, which has its headquarters at Washington, D. C., to not only test the validity of the Constitution of Louisiana, as to the colored man's right to exercise the elective franchise, but the right of the illiterate and poor white man as well." The mangeration of the fight began Wednesday, when this negro Ryves who is a full black, attempted to register. It is generally understood here that a large sum of money has been raised to test the Constitutionality of such acts, and the suit will be pushed to its final conclusion. Major Armand Romain, a very prominent attorney, in New Orleans, La., has been employed to fight the case at this end of the line, and when the case goes to the Supreme Court of the United States, as it will certainly do, some of the best legal talent in the country will represent the Council.

The constitutionality of the grand father clause will also be presented before the Supreme Court of the United States. The decision of this case, by the highest court in the land, will be far-reaching in its effects and importance, as all past and future legislation of the Southern states will hinge on this when the negro has been, or is about to be, disfranchised. We claim that it operates for one class of the citizens as against another class, not race, but class. This will be the first case of this kind to be tested, and it will be watched with much interest, coming as it does from one of the Southern states, that has enacted the educational and property qualifications, while Virginia and Alabama are now in session with similar questions being agitated.

It will, of course, require some time to take the case through the different courts, and necessarily, a considerable outlay of money, but it is thought by those who have volunteered their services to test the case, that a decision will have been reached before the next presidential election is held. The Democratic party, (red shirt variety), always on the alert for new and untried issues, will, doubtless, make this question an issue in the next campaign—already has the Alabama Constitutional Convention been criticised by some of the democratic press, for legislating or trying to do so, to put a premium, as they are pleased to term it, on ignorance, and encouraging the negro to educate himself, by passing, or attempting to pass, an ordinance imposing an educational and property qualification for suffrage applying to those only who were voting or whose ancestors were voting on Jan. 1, 1867, or prior thereto. The colored man, Ryves, above referred to, was a citizen of Orleans Parish, state of Louisiana, good repute, owned no property or did not have the required amount, $300, had no educational qualification, was a voter under the old Constitution and laws of Loussiana, native born, over 21 years of age, an actual resident of the state for more than two years, resident of Orleans Parish for more than one year, resident of the voting precinct for more than six months, and who had tried to register under the grandfather clause, section 5, of the Constitution of Louisiana.

It occurs to our mind that this is a case that will thoroughly test every clause of the Constitution of Louisiana, and that of our own state, North Carolina, the present Constitution of North Carolina being fashioned somewhat after that of Louisiana, on the question of suffrage and eligibilily to its exercise. Thinking that perhaps our friends might want to hear something of what is being done in Louisiana along this line, I give the CAUCASIAN an article bearing on the history of this case. Hoping you will find space for same, I am,

Yours respectfully,
I. N. EBBS.

NECRO KILLED BY A SNAKE.

Repitile Crawled Down His Throat while .he Slept in Dismal Swamp.

Washington Post.

Suffolk, Va., July 18.—Word of a remarkable Dismal Swamp snake story, the result of which was the death of Grant Wilkins, a negro, reached here this evening. The victim was literally choked to death in his sleep by a long black snake. Wilkins, whose home was in North Carolina, had started through the swamp alone to look after shingle timber. The weather being warm, he sat down by a big juniper tree to refresh himself and fell asleep.

When found Wilkins was dead. Nearly three feet of live snake were protruding from his mouth. By his side were an empty beer bottle and a sardine box, remnants of his luncheon. Wilkins' neck was swollen, his eyes protruded, and an expression of agony was on his face. It took the strength of two men to pull the snake from the corpse. Its head and about two feet of the body were inside. The reptile was killed. It is supposed that Wilkins was sleeping with his mouth open and the snake took it for a hole that needed investigation. Another theory is that the snake was attracted by sardines.

Value of "Shocked Nerves."

According to a recent legal decision in the Vienna courts "shocks to the nerves" constitutes a serious accident. A passenger on a local line claimed damages, which were awarded him, for a shock to his nerves, caused by the conductor shouting out to passengers to jump off the car, as he feared a collison.—Ex.

A BOILER EXPLODES.

KILLS ONE COLORED FIREMAN AND SERIOUSLY INJURES ANOTHER.

LOSS OF PROPERTY ABOUT $10,000.

The Ice Plant at Elizabeth City in Ruins —The Superintendent and Foreman had Very Narrow Escapes.

Elizabeth City, July 20 —As the result of an explosion of an ammonia boiler here this morning the ice factory of the Crystal Ice & Coal Company is in ruins, one colored fireman is dead and another is seriously injured and property to the extent of $10,000 is destroyed. The town is also threatened with an ice famine, and the fish industry will suffer.

Superintendent Dunston and Foreman Brown had very narrow escapes. Huge parts of the defective tank, which was the cause of the explosion, passed through the office of the factory while the superintendent was at his desk, completely demolishing the building, but leaving Mr. Dunston uninjured. The shock of the explosion was very severe, being felt all over the city, while windows were broken three blocks away.

A Girl of Mystery.

Goshen, Ind., July 19.—Irene Canning, the mysterious girl found near here several days ago and who claimed to have been abducted from New Haven, Conn., has not been identified. The girl still insists she is heiress to a $300,000 estate at Galveston, Texas.

The police have been asked to ascertain if she is Bertha A. Mallish, who is said to have recently disappeared from the Mount Holyoke (Mass.) Seminary.

Civil Service Examinations.

Washington, July 19.—The civil service commission will hold a series of examinations in North Carolina this fall for positions in the departmental service at Washington. The times and places designated are: Raleigh, October 10 and 12; Wilmington, September 22 and 25; Statesville, October 4; Greensboro, September 23; Asheville, October 7.

EARL RUSSELL PLEADS GUILTY.

A PICTURESQUE SCENE IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

He Claimed to Have Gotten a Divorce From his First Wife and Married Again in Nevada—Goes to Prison For Three Months.

London, July 18.—Earl Russell, arraigned at the bar of House of Lords, today for trial on the charge of bigamy, pleaded guilty after long arguments against the jurisdiction of court. The trial was carried on with all quaint Middle-Age ceremonies. The arguments lasted one hour. Both the Earl and Countess Russell (Mrs. Somerville), through their counsel, pleaded that they did not know they were doing wrong, but had acted on the best legal advice obtainable in Nevada. The peers reached their decision after a consideration of the case lasting 20 minutes. Earl Russell was sentenced to three month's imprisonment as a first-class misdemeanant.

The scene in the royal gallery, temporarily converted into a court of justice when the Lord High Chancellor, Lord Halsbury, who had been appointed Lord High Steward of the occasion, took his seat, and the quaint ceremonial that then began was most picturesque. The hall was a magnificent blaze of color, produced by the robes of peers, the academic robes of the judges and the brilliant uniforms of high estate office. About 200 of Earl Russell's peers attended his trial.

Lord Salisbury, the Premier, brought up the rear of the procession and was almost unnoticed as he took his seat near Lord Halsbury. Immediately beneath the dais sat the ten judges in their gorgeous robes, surrounded by a phalanx of lesser legal luminaries. On either side of the judges were ranged five benches filled with peers whose rank was distinguishable by the varying number of rows of ermine and gold lace on their scarlet mantles.

New Buffalo Bill.

Washington, July 18.—The fourth in the series of the new silver certificates which will be known as the American series will soon be issued from the bureau of engraving and printing, where the plates are nearly finished. It will be a ten dollar bill and has already been christened the "Buffalo Bill," not after Colonel Cody, but because its distinctive characteristic will be the figure of a gigantic buffalo. On the note the buffalo is headed westward, his shaggy head well down for a charge, his tail in a pugnacious attitude, and his matted mane sweeping the ground.

Grove City, Pa., July 19.—A fierce electrical storm here today resulted in four deaths and the severe injury of three other persons.

DEATH TO THE TRUSTS.

THE POPULIST PARTY WILL GO IT ALONE IN CAMPAIGN OF 1904.

OUTLINE OF THE PARTY PROGRAMME.

Senator Marion Butler, Chairman of the Populist National Committee, Talks of Party Plans—Money Will Be Eliminated, as He Contended It Should Be in 1896.

Seattle (Wash) Post-Intelligencer.

One of the most distinguished parties that has visited Seattle in some months arrived in the city yesterday afternoon and is registered at the Rainer-Grand. It is composed of Senator John P. Jones, of Nevada, and his son Roy; former Senator Marion Butler, of North Carolina, chairman of the Populists national committee; former Senator R. F. Pettigrew, of South Dakota; former Senator Stephen W. Dorsey, of New York, Congressman William Sulzer, of New York; Robert M. Catlin, of New York; J. B. and L. A. Coate, of Atlantic, Ia., the latter four being mining men.

The party come direct from the East and will leave today for a trip to Alaska on the revenue cutter Perry. The vessel has been tendered Senator Jones by the treasury department, and will be used by the party for as long a period as the members may wish to remain in the North.

The trip is one of business and pleasure. The members are all interested in Alaska properties, and the business part of the trip is for the purpose of looking them over and determining upon a plan for development. The properties in the main are on Prince Edward Island, and it is there the Perry will go first. Later the party will be landed at Skagway and will go as far as White Horse over the railroad. It may be that some of the members will go on to Dawson, but this has not yet been determined. They expect to be absent at least two weeks, with a maximum limit of one month.

Populist Party Leader.

While every member of the party is interesting there are none more so than Senator Butler and Senator Pettigrew, both of whom have attained a national reputation; the former, from his close connection with the Populist party and the latter owing to the stand taken against the administration on the question of expansion. There is also added interest attached to Senator Butler as it is more than probable, according to the opinion of those who are in a position to know, that he will be the People's party nominee for president in 1904. He is at least one of the brightest minds in the Populist party and a leader. Senator Butler said:

"Some months ago the members of the party, all of whom are interested in Alaska properties, decided to make a trip the North. It is in reality an outing, for there are none of us who would be willing to undertake such a long journey just to see our mines. By correspondence we ascertained that the present was the most suitable time, and the treasury department kindly placed the Perry at the disposal of Senator Jones for the purpose of carrying the party North, We will be gone two weeks at least, and it may be a month. Our trip has no public significance, nor is it in any way connected with the government.

"It is a little early to talk politics. I might say that in the next campaign there will be no talk of the money question. Just what the platforms will be cannot at this time be fully told. There are many things which will have to be remedied. However, it is settled that in the next campaign there will be no talk of money as a plank The free coinage of silver will not cut any figure at all.

"I do not wish you to understand that I think the gold-standard men are right. It simply means that things which they and the Populist party did not foresee in 1896 have come about, and the money question for the present is eliminated. The Populist party has always maintained that the substance from which money was made amounted to nothing: it is the quantity on which we have been harping.

Does Not Care for Gold.

"The Populist party today cares no more for gold than it does for silver. I did not want to fight the campaign of 1896 on the silver issue, for its principal was then and is now just as false as the gold standard. It is true there was some necessity for fighting for the free coinage of silver owing to the scarcity of money at the time, and this was the means whereby the quantity would be increased. We tried to make the fight on the money question on the quantity.

"The Populist party is against the gold and silver standards both at the same time, for the reason that both are accidental standards. In fact, neither of them is a standard and both are absurd. Under either a gold or silver standard you have no standard of value, as the value of either standard fluctuates according to the output of either the gold or the silver mines. It is the quantity and not the material of which money is made which regulates the purchasing power of a dollar.

"At the present time the great output of gold is almost as large as was the total output of gold and silver together in 1896, and, therefore, we have today about the same volume of money and the consequent prosperity we would have had if we had won the free and unlimited coinage of silver in 1896. As long as the output of gold continues as it is at present the money question will be quiescent. There will be no panics and no hard times. However, if the output of gold should greatly increase, then I would oppose the free coinage of gold and limit the amount coined each year by law.

Gold Bugs Want Scarce Money.

"Everybody will admit that this is sound policy, for with a great increase in the output goldbugs would become silverbugs and would cry for the demonetization of gold, for what they want is a scarce money. To sum all up, it is a foolish thing for the people to put their trust in an accidental standard—the output of the mines—for their money. The only way to have a dollar with the same purchasing power today and ten years from today is to regulate the quantity by law. The People's party is as much opposed to inflation as it is to contraction. Both are evils. The per capita of dollars is not so material. The important and the only money question worth considering is the quantity, whatever that may be at the present time. It should be increased each year according to the increase in population and business; no more and no less.

"It is tremendously foolish for us to use so expensive a metal as either gold or silver for money when a greenback dollar is better and every one would rather have it. But I have no quarrel with either the goldbug or the silverbug, so long as they stand with us to regulate the quantity according to the needs of the country.

"As I have said, in the next campaign there will be but one question. Expansion will cut no figure, for the reason that it is now firmly established and from this time on it is only a matter of details. No matter who is in the presidential chair, expansion as it is established, will have to be perpetuated. The great question in the next campaign will be the trusts and monopolies. Both of the old parties have denounced trusts, but neither of them has offered a remedy. There is but one remedy, and that is public ownership of all natural monopolies.

"The outlook at the present time is that the Cleveland element will control the next Democratic convention, but whether they will have complete control or not, it is almost certain that the party will not declare for the only remedy for trusts. Therefore the People's party will go it alone and is sure to poll more votes than it did for Weaver in 1892.

Against Government Ownership.

"The People's party is not for government ownership of everything. Those who favor that policy, let them be called Socialists, Nationalists, or whatever you please, are as far from the principles of the People's party as the North pole is from the South. When the people own the natural monopolies, then every individual will have an equal opportunity. It is the trusts and the monopolies that destroy the opportunities of individual effort and individual enterprise. We are in favor, not of the government owning everything and all working for the government, but for competition, and before we can have this competition it will be necessary to eliminate the trust evil.

"We are now in a position where it is necessary to meet steel with steel. Greek must face Greek in order that we may develop a great race of people.

"The People's party will put an independent ticket in the field in the next campaign. The condition is this, that even should the People's party become defunct, there would be another spring up for the very purpose of putting an independent ticket in the field.

"It is much too early to make any statement as to who will head the People's party ticket. There are many things which must be settled upon before that can be done. However, you can rest assured that the People's party is united and will count in the next campaign. There has not been any talk regarding the Republican probabilities, that I know of. That party is controlled by level heads, and even should they have decided upon anything, you can rest assured there will be nothing about it get out. However, I am of the opinion that the leaders have taken no steps toward naming a successor to Mr. McKinley.

"There is a tremendous prosperity in all parts of the South this year. We are developing our natural resources. We are building factories. This year, instead of shipping cotton out of the State of North Carolina, we will manufacture all we grow at home and will have to import some. This is a new condition with us and will be the means of making the South, which has always been a free-trade section, strong for protection."

Senator Jones, of the party, is 86 years of age. In the senate, among the Democratic members, he is known as an authority on the money question. In 1892 he was one of the commissioners from the United States to attend the international monetary conference at Brussels, and after his address on money was voted the thanks of the congress, which was the only such vote given.

TOWN SOLD AT AUCTION FOR $16,000.

Purchase Includes 1,400 Building Lots, General Factory Sites, Town Hall, School House and Statue.

New York Commercial.

The town of Lincoln, in the northern part of Middlesex county, N. J., once the pride and the hope of the woman's suffrage agitators, was sold to-day under the auctioneer's hammer, for $16,000.

The town was founded five years ago by Silas Drake, a land boomer, who organized the New Jersey Mutual Realty Company, which purchased a big farm and cut it up into building and factory sites.

Many houses were erected, factories were established, a trolley line laid through the main street and the United States government gave the town a postoffice. Soon after a municipal government was organized and the first council of the place was composed entirely of women, equal suffrage prevailed at the Lincoln elections.

Silas Drake, the boomer, was ousted from the presidency by the new company, John D. Voorhees, of Bound Brook, N. J., was elected. Mr. Voorhees is now dead. The enterprises did not thrive after Mr. Drake lost control. Mr. Drake and other stockholders applied for a receiver. James P. Northrup, of Exchange Place, Jersey City, was appointed and the sale was arranged for today.

The property sold does not include the private residences and factories in Lincoln, but it does include the town hall, the school house, the statute of Lincoln, nearly 1,400 building lots and several factory sites. There was only one bid, and that came from L. D. Cook & Co., of Bound Brook, a company having some claims against the Realty Company. The incumbrances against the property amounted to $15,000, the Bound Brook concern getting the town for $1,000 above that amount.

Mrs. Mineola Graham Sexton, president of the New Jersey Woman's Suffrage Association, says that woman members of the council had nothing whatever to do with the financial affairs of the concern.

Left the Oil Can on the Stove.

York, Pa., July 18.—By the explosion of a can of coal oil near York Haven, Pa., two daughters of Calvin Snell Baker, aged ten and eight years, were burned to death. The mother of the children left the oil can on the front of the kitchen stove. The heat of the stove caused an explosion and the burning oil set fire to the children's clothes.

AGAIN UNDER MILITARY RULE.

FILIPINOS RENEW HOSTILITIES IN 3 OF THE PROVINCES.

Island of Mindoro to be Occupied by Troops of the Twentieth Infantry—Gen. Chaffee Military Governor.

Manila, July 18.—The United States Civil Commission announced today that after three months' trial of a provincial form of government in the islands of Cebu and Bohol and the province of Batangas, Luzon, control of those districts, owing to their incomplete pacification, has has been returned to the military authorities, it having been proved that the communities indicated are backward and undeserving of civil administration.

The provincial and civil officials of these designated districts will continue their functions, but are now under the authority of Gen. Chaffee instead of that of Civil Governor Taft, as heretofore. Gen. Chaffee has the power arbitrarily to remove from office any or all provincial or civil officials and to abrogate any section of the laws promulgated in these three provinces.

The residents of the island of Cebu have protested, but without success, against the return of that island to military control. Several towns on Cebu are still besieged by the insurgents. The insurrection on the island Bohol has been renewed, and susurgent sentiment in the province of Batangas is strong.

Gen. Chaffee has ordered a battalion of the Thirtieth Infantry to begin the occupation of the island of Mindoro.

The province of Batagas, Luzon, will be occupied by the entire Twentieth Infantry. * * *

MCLAY'S HISTORY OF U. S. N. BARRED.

Undue Criticism of Admiral Schley Shuts it Out From Naval Academy.

Washington, July 19.—The Secretary of the Navy has decided that the third volume of McLay's history of the United States Navy, which contains the history of the Spanish-American War, shall not be used as a text book at the Naval Academy unless the obnoxious language it contains in characterizing the action of Rear Admiral Schley is eliminated. The Secretary says that it would be manifestly improper to have history containing such intemperate language used as a text book for the cadets. He will inform both Commander Wainwright, who is in command of the Naval Academy, and Mr. MacLay, the author of the history of his decision. * * *

Edgar S. McLay tonight announced that he would revise that part of his naval history which deals with the battle of Santiago. The proofs submitted to Secretary Long dealt only with the part of the war which concerned the Secretary.

DISORDERLY CONVENTION.

EX-GOVERNOR JONES OF ALABAMA CREATES QUITE A SENSATION.

APPEALED AGAINST CHAIRS DECISION.

Was Ordered out of Convention Hall—Sergeant at Arms Attempts to Remove Him but is Fiercely Resisted.

Montgomery, July 20.—An exciting scene occurred today in the Constitutional convention over the disposal of a resolution protesting against free passes being accepted by any State officer. Former Governor Jones protested against the tabling of the resolution and appealed from the decision of the chair. President Knox ordered Mr. Jones to take his seat until the question could be stated. The former Governor refused, and asked if his appeal was going to be put.

Chairman Knox again ordered him to his chair, but Mr. Jones refused and the President directed the sergeant-at-arms to seat the ex-Governor.

Mr. Jones said there was no necessity for any heat. The chair insisted on his being seated, however, and amid great excitement directed the sergeant-at-arms to remove Mr. Jones from the hall. Mr. Jones passionately exclaimed: "If any one attempts it, it will be done over my dead body."

The disorder in the hall became general. Mr. Bulger, of Tallapoosa, loudly insisted that the sergeant-at-arms should do his duty.

"Suppose you come over and do it," shouted Mr. Jones.

The chair again directed the former Governor's removal, but the Governor resisted and exclaimed: "I have a right to know if the chair will put my appeal."

Chairman Knox stated: "The chair will put your appeal."

Mr. Jones sat down and the chair began to state the question. He was interrupted by Mr. Jones, and the chair once more directed the sergeant at-arms to execute the order.

As the sergeant-at-arms approached, Mr. Jones drew a small pocket knife, but did not open it, and soon returned it to his pocket.

Mr. Jones said: "If the chair will keep its temper"—President Knox interrupted:

"It is not the chair who is out of temper."

Mr. Jones then sat down the chair put the appeal and was overwhelmingly sustained.

Mutual explanations followed and good feeling was restored.

DRY AND HOT IN KANSAS.

Farmers Plowing up Their Corn to Sow Wheat—Grass Growing in Centre of bed of the Kansas River.

Topeka, Kan., July 19.—This has been an exceedingly hot day in Kansas. While the feeling of utter helplessness attendant upon the drought has passed the people of the state do not attempt to deny that the fall crops are in a desperate condition.

Farmers are beginning to plough the early ruined corn fields and sow them in wheat and alfals to make pasture fields for the stock in the fall and winter, but the ground is dry and hard. The Kansas river, running through Topeka, is so dry that green grass is growing in the center of the river bed. Most of the streams of the state except the larger ones have gone dry and there is a poor prospect for stock water.

PLATTE RIVER DRYING UP.

Lincoln, Neb., July 19.—The temperature mounted to 101 in Lincoln again today. No rain fell anywhere in the state today. Grain men place the damage to the corn crop thus far at 30 per cent and say that each continued day of drought adds 5 per cent to the damage. The Platte River is very low in place being entirely dry.

Blew his Head off With a Shot-gun.

ews and Observer.

Goldsboro, N. C., July 18.—Information has just reached the city of the suicide, at Warsaw this morning, of Mr. Ollin Sasser. After tirring around in the early morning Mr. Sasser returned to his home in the eastern section of the town, and went to an up-stairs room. This was about 8:30 o'clock. Pretty soon after, his family were startled by the report of a gun, and rushing to the room found Mr. Sasser had shot himself with a double-barrel gun, the entire top of his head being blown off. No cause for the rash art is known, save that it is thought to be due to recent heavy drinking. He leaves a widow and several children. In this city reside two of his brothers.

Buried Under Snow.

Seattle, Wash., July 20.—Advices from Nome City bring information of the discovery, through the disappearance of the snow, of the frozen body of Mike Clifford of Camp Creek, up Nome River. There was every indication that the man had perished in one of the winter blizzards, and had lain for months under the snow. Clifford came from Maryland. He went to Alaska in 1897, was 38 years of age, and unmarried.

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WHEN THE "NIGGER" IS OUT OF POLITICS!

For something like a year there have been appearing in various papers purported interviews from Southern political demagogues in which they are quoted as saying that when the negro "gets out of" or is "eliminated from" politics, there will be or may be a new alignment of parties in some of the Southern states, that there will be more independence among "legally accredited" voters, and that they will vote according to their judgment and inclinations etc., etc.

A singular fact in connection with these interviews is that not a single man interviewed has ever expressed his own independence, and it is easy to draw the conclusion that each and every one of them will continue to do his best to keep the negro in politics as an issue, at least, for the simple reason that their demagogical yell of "nigger" is their only political "graft" or salvation.

As a matter of fact, since the national troops were withdrawn from the Southern states after the so-called "reconstruction," the negro has never been in politics except to vote or to think he was voting; and it is a well known fact that his vote has generally been counted according to the needs of the democratic demagogue. With every safeguard that could be thrown around the franchise of the negro, it would be as impossible for him to "dominate" any Southern state as it would be if he had no vote at all. Knowing this, there have been, and there are today, men who have shown their political independence by opposing democratic demagoguery without fear of its "nigger yelling" character or without fear of the negro in politics, and these men have an unbounded contempt for the political shyster who had no independence because of his alleged fear of the negro. No white man who ever felt his actual superiority to the African race—who was convinced in his soul that the negro was an inferior being, has ever resorted to the degrading and debasing practice of "nigger yelling." A man with a genuine consciousness of superiority easily perceives that such a course does not put the negro any lower than he really is, and it is a self-evident fact that the shyster politician who cannot rise without the negro as a basis of his elevation is not one bit higher than the negro can put him. He is only just above the negro, and if the negro should suddenly be transported from the Southern country, these nigger howling shysters would naturally fall into the place made vacant by the negro's removal. They would have nothing on God's earth to stand on, and would be bound to rest on the level which the negro left. This indesputable fact accounts for the low order of men who are in control of the government of the Southern states to-day—that order to which Tillman, Simmons and other similar characters who are unknown outside their own states belong. The same condition accounts for the fact that the men of big brain and sterling character in the Southern states cannot be leaders in political matters. They scorn to try to come to the front on such a low level, and they despise the shysters who will take that level.

In these days there are no Lamars, Hamptons, Herberts and Vances at the head of Southern politics, and under the "nigger yelling" regime such characters cannot come to the front, for the reason that there is in them an honor and respectability which make it impossible for them to stoop low enough for that purpose.

Those demagogues who are mouthing about the time when the negro is eliminated from politics know that such a time is never coming if they can prevent it. They are uncertain of themselves as to actual merit, and they cannot consent to a test in which morality and good character is involved. If they were not cowards and shysters they would show their stamina and independence under all circumstancs—provided, of course, they had any. Even to-day, when the negro is "eliminated" by grand-father clauses and such like cowardly subterfuges, the man who ventures to show some independence in the South is immediately "jumped upon" by the "nigger yellers" and abused and villified to the greatest limit which the aforesaid "nigger yellers" can reach; and so long as the "nigger yelling" horde can, by red shirt methods and rabid anarchy, excite the people to blindness, just so long that horde will keep it up without regard to whether a single nigger ever casts another ballot or not. Their next cry will be something like this: "We have got the nigger out of politics (whether they have or not); lets keep him out." And they hope to make this yell as effective for their purposes as they have made the "nigger yelling" they have heretofore been doing. Hence it is plain the "nigger" is not going out of politics if the red shirt horde can keep him in, no matter whether he votes or not. And just so long as the "nigger yellers" can make their slogan effective, just so long will the government of the Southern states be in the hands of the low order of men and looting thugs that have control of the South to-day.

It seems to many men who have the good of the state at heart, instead of purposes for looting it, that efforts to draw the attention of the people to facts of importance are well nigh hopeless. This is so because of the limited criticism of the wild extravagance and prostitution of power that are so rampant in North Carolina to-day. It must be—it is bound to be that ignorance of what is going on is the only cause of silence among the people. But as long as the tactics of the "nigger yellers" have any force and power, it will be well nigh useless to try to bring the people to a realization of facts. As long as that horde of "nigger yellers" can get the consent of the people to blind themselves to issues of importance to both individual and state, just so long will this state and some others be subjected to the burning shame, disgrace to decency and reproach to Christianity that are now cursing and degrading it.

THE FARMER, HIS FOES AND THE LESSON.

From the West and Southwest comes appalling news of the destruction and suffering consequent upon the prolonged and intense heat with which those sections of the country have been surfeited. Nor indeed has our own State and its neighbors been free from the havoc which it is in the power of the elements to bring about. What heat and drought have done for the crops of the West, a super-abundance of rain has accomplished for the farmers of this section. In Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri and Iowa corn has been practically ruined, the hay abandoned and wheat so greatly affected that it is likely to prove a total loss. The heat has been unprecedented both for intensity and long duration. Streams are drying up, and there being almost no fodder, live-stock is dying or else being driven to the market and sacrificed at any price. In our own State cotton is far below the average, corn is a failure and other crops are seriously damaged. The rainfall has been so excessive that the earth has been washed away and valleys transformed into lakes.

The farmer has much to contend against. It matters not to the artisan or to the professional man that the skies are unpropitious or that the genial warmth of the sun grows into a torrent of fire. His business goes on just the same, the only difference to him being an element of personal discomfort. But to the farmer the amount of sunshine and the quantity of rain are component parts of the risk he assumes.

Too much heat may be his undoing; a plethora of water may bring about his ruin. His labors may be brought to naught because the elements have not played friends with him. No matter how faithful his work, no matter how ceaseless his toil, if the sun and clouds conspire against him the earth will refuse to yield from her bosom the bountiful harvest which care and labor would seem to justify. Yet withal the farmer goes on his uncomplaining way, hoping that next year fortune will look more favorably upon him.

Perhaps the lesson thus taught by the farmer to his discontented brethren in other walks of life is not the least of the benefits he furnishes mankind.

We rejoice in the fact that the republican party has never yet gotten so low as to enact in any state of this Union a Goebel or Simmons election law. The republican party is a party of the people and for the people and is always willing for the people to express themselves at the ballot box. The democrats are afraid to trust the people, hence their bull pens and jail bird election officers on election day.—Chatham Citizen.

Whatever exceptions may be taken to the statement that the Republican party "is a party of the people and for the people," it is nevertheless true and much to the credit of that party that it has never become so degraded and recreant to all ideas of political purity as to place on the statute books of any state under its control a Simmons election law.

The Chatham Citizen has cause to feel proud of this feature of republicanism. At the same time it must be apparant that no party of American men, unless actuated by an insatiate longing for office and miserable lust for power, could descend so low and become so contemptible as has the democracy of North Carolina in standing sponsor for the Simmons' election law.

General Carr having unburdened himself and the News and Observer having given vent to its overwrought feelings, the public may now take its hands from its face and pursue the even tenor of its way.

Any person knowing of an antidote for that "Carr-feeling" should communicate with the editor of the News and Observer.

Silk Growing in the United States.

Whether we shall grow the thirty to forty million dollars' worth of raw silk which we are now importing depends more upon the question of feasibility than that of possibility, says O. P. Austin in Everybody's Magazine. Silk has been produced in many of the states, even as far north as New England, and as for south as Florida; but for various causes, chiefly lack of experiences and the competition of the cheap labor of the Orient and Italy, it has not been a financial success. The application of the intelligence and skill which have brought success in other lines of long-neglected industry may change all this The number of silk manufacturing establishments in the United States is increasing every year, thirty-nine new plants having been established in 1900 alone; and their product now amounts to over one hundred million dollars annually. It is not improbable that American genius supported by American capital may yet find a way of supplying from our industries the forty million dollars' worth of raw materials which these factories require.

Unlooked for Complications.

Washington, July 19.—John W. Yerkes, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, said this morning that under the Foraker act it is very probable that new regulations will have to be framed regarding tobacco, cigars, snuff, etc., which are imported from Porto Rico to the United States.

"As matters stand now," said Mr. Yerkes, "there is no way prescribed in which the revenue can be collected. Inasmuch as free trade exists between the United States and Porto Rico, and the vessels which carry tobacco, cigars, etc., from Porto Rico to the United States are plying their trade as coastwise vessels and not as vessels engaged in foreign trade, it is practically impossible to collect the revenue tax, as coastwise vessels are not subjected to the inspection of customs officers.

Denounced Dead Congressman in his Funeral Remarks.

Chicago Record-Herald.

At the funeral of the late Congre-sman, A. N. Martin, held yesterday in the First Presbyterian church, Rev. C. C. Miller, the pastor, uttered remarks in the course of his sermon that have created a sensation. During the service the widow and daughter asked to be taken from the church.

"It would have been far better," said Mr. Miller, "If Martin would have been shot on the field of battle than to have lived to lead the life he did. He was in public office the better portion of his life, and made in one office $100,000, but was sent home for burial in a cheap pine coffin furnished by the government. His life has been a tragedy, and the use of liquor has made it so,"

Death and Famine Threaten the Holy City.

London, July 18.—"Death and famine threaten the Holy City," says the Jerusalem correspondent of The Standard, in a communication dated July 6, "on account of the scanty water supply, due to the insufficient rains of last winter.

"The Sultan has granted permission to the municipality to bring water from the Pools of Solomon through iron pipes into the city along the line of Solomon's stone aqueduct. The new works were begun today on telegraphic orders from the Sultan, who contributes 6,000 lires. They will be finshed in two months."

Insomnia

Nerve-racked, weary and heavy-eyed, the head that seeks repose finds only ceasless tossing and feverish unrest. Strange fancies—vague forbodings—fill the mind with harrowing thoughts until morning brings its rasping headache, irritable temper, and loss of appetite. Rest the nerves—build them up—and gentle, restful, refreshing sleep will be yours.

"My greatest trouble was sleeplessness. I was nervous and restless, and would toss and roll for hours. Had no ambition and had to abandon business. One bottle of Dr. Miles' Nervine put me on my feet again."
SIMON A. GIBSON, Georgetown, Ills.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

gives that sweet sleep so grateful to body and mind.

Sold by druggists on guarantee.
Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

The tripping feet—the sparkling eye—the graceful movement—belong not alone to the budding maiden.

These graces are the right—aye *duty of every woman* until the hair whitens—and regal dignity replaces them.

The mother who guards her strength has so much more to devote to the care and education of her dear ones. She should be a comfort—a cheer—always.

Yet how many feel that they have the strength to properly balance the home? The world is listless, weary and morbid. Its blood moves sluggishly and is full of impurities. It needs a kindling, invigorating tonic to set it afire—it needs Pe-ru-na,

THE ONE MEDICINE

in the world which women may rely upon positively. Pe-ru-na is good for everyone, but particularly for women. The various weaknesses which afflict their delicate organism spring from inflammation or catarrh of the mucous lining, and Pe-ru-na is a specific for catarrh in any organ of the body. Any congestion of a mucous membrane simply means catarrh of the organ affected. This is why Pe-ru-na cures all sorts of troubles where other remedies fail. If there is a catarrhal affection the matter with you anywhere Pe-ru-na will cure you.

A FIREMAN'S CLOSE CALL.

"I stuck to my engine, although every joint ached and every nerve was racked with pain," writes C. W. Bellamy, a locomotive fireman, of Burlington, Iowa. "I was weak and pale, without any appetite and all run down. As I was about to give up, I got a bottle of Electric Bitters and, after taking it, I felt as well as I ever did in my life." Weak sickly, run down people always gain new life, strength and vigor from their use. Try them. Satisfaction guaranteed

For sale by all druggists.

Woman Raids a Gambling Den.

Leavenworth, Kan., July 21.—Mrs. Mary E. Dickens surprised half a dozen men in John Beachler's policy shop here last night, and before the latter recovered their composure, she smashed a policy wheel with a hatchet. Her boys had gambled in the place She threatens to smash all policy shops in the city unless the authorities shall close them,

NIGHT WAS HER TERROR.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but, when all other medicines failed, three $2.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, LaGrippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

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Pimples, blotches and all other troubles are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla—the most effective of all spring medicines.

I Know One Sure Remedy
for an obstinate cold. Its name is Pyny-Balsam.

SPECIAL EXCURSION RATES.

To Various Points—Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

Louisville, Ky.—Triennial Conclave, Knights Templar, August 27-31. One fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale August 21st to 24th, limited for return leaving Louisville until September 2, with privilege of extension to September 16 on deposit of ticket with joint agent any payment of 50 cents.

San Francisco, Cal.—Epworth International Convention, July 18 21. Very low rates. Tickets on sale July 31 to 11th, limited for return until August 31.

Chautauqua, N. Y.—Account Chautauqua Assembly. Tickets on sale July 4th and 25th, one and a third fare for the round trip, tickets limited for thirty days from date of sale.

Chicago, Ill.—B. Y. U. A. International Convention, July 25-28. One fare for the round trip. Tickets good going July 22d, 23d and 24th; good returning leaving Chicago until July 30, with privilege of extension to August 24 on deposit of ticket with joint agent and payment of 50 cents.

Detroit, Mich.—National Educational Association, July 8-12. One fare plus $2 for the round trip. Tickets good going July 5th, 6th and 7th, limited for return leaving Detroit until July 15, with privilege of extension to September 1 on deposit of ticket with joint agent and payment of 50 cents.

Cincinnati, Ohio.—United Society Christian Endeavor, July 6-10. One fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale July 3d to 5th, limited for return leaving Cincinnati until July 14 with privilege of extension to August 31 on deposit of ticket with joint agent and payment of 50 cents.

For tickets and further information apply to or address
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"I suffered such pain from corns I could hardly walk," writes H Robinson, Hillsborough, Ills., "but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured them." Acts like magic on sprains bruises, cuts, sores, scalds, burns, boils, ulcers. Perfect healer of skin diseases and piles. Cure guaranteed. Price 25c.

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Distressing Kidney and Bladder Disease relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDEY CURE." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, druggist, Raleigh, N. C.
Sept. 19-1y.

A Strong Woman

Iowa City, Iowa, Aug. 13, 1900

My wife was sick for three years. We tried everything without relief and spent much money. My wife tried Wine of Cardui and four bottles cured her. She took two more bottles, knowing she would have to work hard during the hay harvest. She attended to all her household duties and loaded and unloaded all the hay. This medicine gave her strength. Formerly she was weak and tired and could hardly get about, but since she has been taking Wine of Cardui she feels better and stronger than when 20 years of age. JOS. A. EISENHAFER.

Mrs. Eisenhafer had tried everything during her three years sickness and had spent considerable money. She was weak and could hardly get about for three years before she took

WINE OF CARDUI

Now, after taking the Wine of Cardui, she can work with her husband in the hay field. That is hard work, but it is not as injurious to a woman's health as labor in stores, factories and offices where thousands of girls are closely confined year after year. With the aid of Wine of Cardui a woman can do any reasonable work and enjoy good health. The health that Wine of Cardui brings makes a woman vigorous in body and mind. Freed from those terrible devastating pains a woman grows well and strong naturally. Wine of Cardui regulates the disordered menstruation and cures leucorrhoea, falling of the womb and periodical pains in the head and back caused by standing or sitting a long time in the same position. Thedford's Black-Draught puts the bowels, stomach, liver, kidneys and blood in proper shape. Greatly increased strength and endurance is the natural result. Most cases are cured quickly. All druggists sell $1.00 bottles of Wine of Cardui and 25 cent packages of Thedford's Black-Draught.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

40,000,000 for the Tyson Heirs.

Atlanta, Ga., July 18.—An Australian fortune of $40,000,000 is to be divided among the heirs of the late Josiah Tyson, residing in Georgia and Alabama. The firms of Hoke Smith and H. C. Peeples have communicated with the proper authorities at Melbourne, and have learned that information of the inheritance received here is correct.

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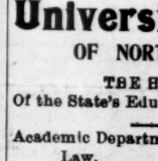

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Young men desiring to go to school and pay in part with work may write to us at once. Twenty-one are desired immediately; six for farm work, six for carpenter's work, four for masonry and plastering, four for painting and one or two far printing. For further particulars address Rev. Chas. R Taylor, Principal, Littleton, N. C.

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can be cured only by a complete system of treatment which neutralizes and drives out all of the poison and at the same time builds up the general health of the patient. Dr. Hathaway's method of treating the different stages of this disease stops the outward signs at once and quickly brings about a thorough and permanent cure of every portion of the body affected, and all this is done in such a way that the patient does not need to isolate himself or give up his business, nor does he suffer for the balance of his life from salivation or any other reflex action of administered drugs.

The patient is simply made again a perfectly well, sound man, with all danger of transmitting the disease removed.

Dr. Hathaway also treats with the same guarantee of success, Loss of Manly Vigor, and other chronic diseases of men, including all Kidney and Urinary and Sexual disorders, Varicocele, Stricture, etc.

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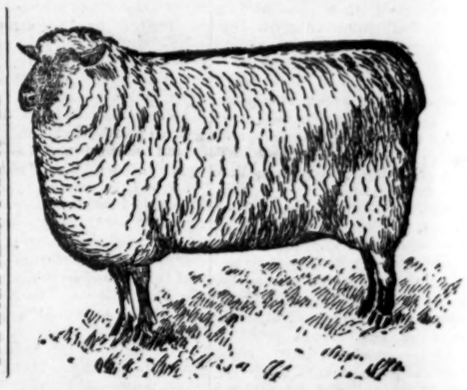

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DIRECTORS:

Hon. John P. Jones, Gold Hill, Nev. U. S. Senator and mine owner.
Hon. James B. Grant, Denver, Colo. Ex-Gov. of Colorado, of Grant & Omaha Smelting Co.
Hon. R. F. Pettigrew, Sioux Falls, S. D., U. S. Senator.
Hon. Willard Teller, Denver, Colo. Attorney at Law.
Wm. C. Kean, Jr., Philadelphia, Pa. Real Estate and Insurance.
John C. Montgomery, Denver, Colo. Pres Montgomery Investment Co.
Hon. Ashley W. Cole, Brooklyn, N. Y., Chairman Board of State Railroad Commissioners.
Stilson Hutchins, Washington, D. C. Publisher and mine owner.
Harry M. Gorham, Carson City, Nev. Pres. Bullion Exchange Bank and Supt. Comstock mines.
Hon. Stephen W. Dorsey, N. Y. Ex-U. S. Senator and mine owner.
Jerome B. Landfield, Jr., Binghamton, N. Y. Director Binghamton Trust Co.
J. B. Landfield, Jr., Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKERS:

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Bank, 63 Broadway, New York.

Offer 200,000 Shares Treasury Stock at $3.00 per Share.

The California King Gold Mines Company owns 23 claims in Picacho Basin, four miles from the Colorado River in California, and 20 miles by direct road from Yuma, Ariz.

Development work has been in progress for the last six years, and more than 10,000 feet of shafts, drifts, levels and cuts have been completed and paid for by the owners.

Upwards of fifteen million tons of ore are now ready for the mill, all of which will be mined by open cuts at a nominal cost.

A contract has been entered into for the erection of a mill and cyanide plant capable of handling 1,000 tons of ore daily, which will be completed this year. The directors guarantee that this plant will be placed in operation, regardless of the amount of treasury stock subscribed.

The net profit after commencing operations will exceed $60,000 a month, and probably reach $100,000 a month, within a year. The ore in sight will supply such a plant for more than forty years.

The property is owned by the directors. There is no promotion stock or promotion money. No salaries to officers. Every dollar realized from the sale of stock goes into the treasury to pay for the plant. Not a share of stock has been offered for sale before.

Reports of J. Ralston Bell, London; Wm. A. Farish, Denver; Emerson Gee, Denver; P. C. DuBois, Berkeley, Cal; J. L. Sheperd and others, all eminent mining engineers, agree in recommending this property.

Application will be made to list stock on the Boston Stock Exchange.

Prospectus and any information desired will be furnished on application.

Subscriptions received by

THE CALIFORNIA KING GOLD MINES CO., 32 BROADWAY, N. Y.

NOYES & DANA, 27 State St., Boston.
WYNNE, PRINCE & Co., Inc., Betz Bldg. Philadelphia.
PRESTON, WATT & SCHOYER, 411 Wood St., Pittsburg

THE CAUCASIAN

Raleigh, N. C., July 25, 1901.

Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

CURRENT LOCAL NEWS.

Twenty-two inches of rain have fallen in Raleigh in the past two and a half months.

The Oak City Guards left for Wrightsville Sunday night, where they will be in camp for ten days.

Quite a fine lot of fruit was brought to Raleigh Saturday by Mr. J. G. Ogburn, of Myatts Mill, this county.

Mr. George Gurganus, an inmate of the Soldiers Home, died Sunday afternoon. During the civil war he was a member of Company A. 41st Cavalry.

Mr. Ed. V. Denton, Saturday, received an alligator from St. Augustine, Fla., measuring five and one half feet in length. He has given it to the authorities at Pullen Park

Sheriff McDowell, or Burke county, brought Tom Moses, an escaped convict, to the penitentiary Tuesday. He escaped from the Anson farm more than a year ago.

Major Martin was taken to the State farm at Tillery yesterday, where he is to aid in keeping the books and in the shipping department of the mattress factory there.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway Saturday, paid into the state treasury its property tax. Its property was assessed at $8,683,861 33 and the tax paid was $21,709 65; of this amount, $18,236.11 goes into the state fund proper and $3,473 54 to the pension fund.

It is stated the strike of the machinist on the Seaboard Air Line is at an end and the men will return to work. But at the shops in Raleigh there will not be work for all the strikers, as part of the work has been moved from the Raleigh shops to Hamlet since the strike began.

The Raleigh Observer says: Mr. W. H. Lyon had on exhibition in his store window on Fayetteville street on Sunday a belt worn in the Battle of Manassas, or Bull Run forty years ago. He had it on in fifty-eight battles. Mr. Lyon was a member of Company I, Sixth North Carolina Infantry, and was in the same company with Sheriff Page.

There was almost a cloud burst about nine miles southwest of this city Friday afternoon, doing much damage. Bridges on Middle and Swift creeks and their tributaries were either entirely washed away or much injured. The trestle of the Raleigh and Cape Fear railroad at Steep Hill, where it passes over Swift creek, was washed away and the flood took considerable of the track along with it.

Crawford vs. Kilgo.

Mr. R. B. Crawford, a hardware merchant of Winston-Salem and Dr. J. C. Kilgo, president of Trinity College had a "scrap" on the Southern train between Greensboro and Burlington, Monday morning. Mr. Crawford asked Mr. Kilgo about some uncomplimentary remark he had made about his (Crawford's) father. In the course of his remarks it is stated that Mr. Kilgo called Mr. Crawford a coward, which Mr. Crawford took as an insult, and promptly resented it, however there were no casualties and very little damage was done.

A Disease Killing Georgia Cotton.

Valdosta, Ga., July 18.—W. A. Orton, an assistant patrol of the Department of Agriculture, at Washington, who has been here for a week investigating a disease which has been killing cotton, says the disease is caused by fungus in the soil which clogs the vessels in the stalk and causes the plant to wilt. He says when the fungus once gets into the soil it will live as long as cotton is planted upon that soil.

Virginia Prohibitionists Nominate a State Ticket.

Richmond, Va., July 18.—The Prohibition State convention nominated today the following ticket: For Governor, O. C. Rucker, of Bedford; for Attorney General, A. S. Lee, of Salem; for Lieutenant Governor, W. T. Bondick, of Accomack. A platform vigorously denouncing the liquor traffic, declaring in favor of honest elections and against division of the public school fund was adopted.

Heat Kills a Negro Near Burlington.

Burlington, July 23.—Walter Boone a negro, dropped dead here yesterday afternoon at Ed League's. He had been threshing wheat, and it is supposed that heat was the cause of the death. He was a very industrious negro.

General News Notes.

The themometer reached 128 degrees in Kansas a few days ago, though it was not the official themometer.

The British had a sharp fight with the Boers July 21st, in which 3 of their men were killed and 18 wounded.

"The Capitol Syndicate Company" a big land company in Texas has gone into the hands of a receiver. Their property was estimated at $10,000,000.

Gov. Chas H. Allen has resigned as governor of Porto Rico and it is stated Wm. H Hunt, the present secretary of the province, will be appointed Governor, upon the retirement of Gov. Allen.

Is it not strange that the Populists of the county of Sampson under a Democratic School Board could not have a man appointed school trustee in a single township, and under a Populist Board of Education the Democrats were recognized in every township in the county. We are not so selfish as to carry out fully the idea, "To the victors belong the spoils." But you know the majority of our school board live in another county and have to come from Dunn away down here, and the tax payers have to foot the bill and of course it would not do for them, "Democrats as they are," to appoint a Populist school committeeman. — Clinton Caucasian.

Pungent Points to Purchasers.

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Pescuds Pharmacy in another column of this issue. He is advertising a fresh lot of turnip seeds. He also carries a complete line of drugs and patent medicines. It is the little drug store just around the corner on Hargett St. Give him a call.

It will not be very long before the sportsman will be getting ready for the season and right now the enterprising merchant is getting ready for the sportsman. This is shown by a new announcement in this issue offering one of the best shot guns ever made for $4 85, and offered in Raleigh. If the price of this gun has ever been as low as this anywhere else, nobody knows it. The fact that it is carried by the Julius Lewis Hardware Co. is a gaurantee that it is a first class article. If it were not, that house would not handle it.

Revenue Officers Ambushed and One of their Number Slain

Nashville, Tenn., July 20.—Seven revenue officers were ambushed early today, supposedly by moonshiners, about six miles from Monterey, in Putnam county. One man was killed and one badly wounded.

A posse of six, led by a deputy collector, was creeping a steep hillside above an illicit still when they received orders to throw up their hands. They had barely located the spearker when a deadly volley from eight guns was poured upon them. Deputy Marshal, Thomas Price was instantly killed and posseman C. Mackey was badly wounded. The officers returned the fire, but the moonshiners made the place so hot that the collector and the survivors retired and carried Mackey with them.

One moonshiner was heard moaning and calling to his friends that he had been mortally wounded.

Collector Bell has gathered another posse and started out to recover the body of Price.

Week End Rates via S. A. L. Railway.

Commencing Saturday June 15, and continuing until Saturday September 28 h, the Seaboard Air Line Railway will sell week end tickets from Raleigh, N. C., to the following points:

Blowing Rock,	N. C.	$7 80
Cliffs, - -	"	4 75
Hickory - -	"	4 75
Jackson Spring, -	"	3 00
Lenoir, - -	"	4 80
Lincolnton, - -	"	4 75
Littleton, - -	"	2 45
Naroin, - - -	"	5 30
Norfolk, - -	Va.	4 00
Portsmouth, - -	"	4 00
Ocean View, -	"	4 00
Old Point, - -	"	4 00
Virginia Beach, - -	"	4 00
Rutherfordton,	N. C.	5 85
Shelby, - -	"	5 35
Wilmington, - -	"	4 00

These tickets to be sold for all trains each Saturday for Sunday forenoon trains, good returning not later than Monday following date of sale, with the exception of Blowing Rock, N. C., to which point tickets will be sold on Fridays and Saturdays, good returning the following Tuesday

Tickets and all information will be furnished at the Seaboard Air Line Railway's up-town ticket office, Yarborough House Building.

C. H Gattis, C. P. & T. A.
Raleigh, N. C

Notice to Stockholders of N. C. R R Co.

The second payment of the thirty-ninth annual dividend, due the stockholders of the North Carolina Railroad Company, three per cent. on the said company, will be due and payable at the office of said company in Burlington, N. C., August 10th, 1901.

Spencer B. Adams,
Secretary and Treas.

CALL AT THE Little Drug Store
AROUND THE CORNER,
Pescud's Pharmacy,
12 W. Hargett St., Raleigh, N. C.
New crop Turnip Seed receiving to-day.
John S. Pescud

NOTICE OF SEIZURE

Notice is hereby given of seizure of the following property for violation of the internal revenue laws of the United States:

At Norlina, N. C., April 20, 1901, four jugs 10 gallons corn whiskey of James Blue.

At Greenville, N. C., May 7, 1901, 20 gallons corn whiskey of Jesse Stokes.

At Pocomoke, N. C., May 14, 1901, 3 kegs 20 gallons corn whiskey of Robt. Fowler.

At Halifax, N C, May 18, 1901, 712 gallons corn whiskey, one 25 horse power engine, one 30 horse boiler, 30 feet shafting, 78 feet belting, one wooden still, one grist mill and fixtures, 60 feet piping, one wooden doubler, one mask keel, one beer well, four fermenters, two cisterns, one platform scale, of R. H. Daniel.

At Benson, N C., May 24, 1901, two jugs corn whiskey 8 gallons, of J. H. Wheeler.

At Hoffman, N. C., June 21, 1901, 22 gallons corn whiskey of D. T. Thompson.

At Hoffman, N C, July 1, 1901, 13 barrels corn whiskey 589 8 gallons, distillery premises No 3786, 1 copper still, 1 copper doubler, 2 caps, 1 worm, 4 fermenters, 2 mash tubs, 2 cisterns, of D. T Thompson

At Seven Springs, N. C., June 29, 1901, 4 packages 228.1 gallons corn whiskey, one 90 gallon still and cap, 2 copper worms and tubs, copper fittings to condensor, 1 wooden coudensor, 3 cisterns, 4 fermenters, 2 mash tubs, 3 sections of iron and copper pipes, of W. K. Grantham.

At Pocomoke, N. C., July 11, 1901. 1 mule, buggy and harness, 2 jugs, 1 tin 7 gallons corn whiskey, 1 lap robe, of James Denton.

Persons claiming the above property will file their claims with me in my office within thirty days as required by law, or the same will be forfeited to the use of the United States.

E. C. Duncan, Collector.
By J. P. H. Adams, Deputy Collector,
Raleigh, N. C.

July 18, 1901.

Raleigh Business Directory.

A newspaper whose columns overflow with advertisements of business men has more influence in attracting attention to building up a town than any other agency that can be employed. People go where there is business. Capital and labor go where there is an enterprising community. No power on earth is so strong to build up a town as a newspaper well patronized, and its power should be appreciated.—T. DeWitt Talmage.

☞ The business houses named below are establishments whose methods of dealing may be relied upon as the very best known to the business world:

ALLEN, Daniel & Co.—Shoes.
ANTICEPH AL GINE--Headache and Neuralgia Cure.
BLAKE, T. W.—Watch Repairing and Jewelry.
BRIDGERS, Jno. E. & Co.—Tailors and Haberdashers.
BROWN, H. J. Undertaker.
BISHOP, J. M.—Bicycle Repairing etc.,
BOYD FURNITURE CO., —Renovating old Furniture.
BERWANGER, S. & D. Clothiers.
CAPITAL PRINTING CO Printers.
C. B. CROWELL, & Co.—Trusses.
DOBBIN & FERRALL Dry Goods
FERRALL, J. R. & Co. Grocers.
GREEN, J. B. & Co. Grocers.
GIERSCH, R. F. Restaurant
HICKS' Capudine, Headache and Neuralgia Cure.
A. N. JONES & CO.—Groceries.
KING, W. H. Drug Co. Wholesale and Retail Druggists.
LEWIS, Julius, Hardware Co.—Bug Death.
McGEACHY, A. S. Pharmacist.
MANHATTAN Life Insurance Co. Gen. Agency.
MOORE, W. J. Grocer.
MANN, W. B.,—Groceries.
NORRIS, DR S. P.—Dentist.
PESCUD'S, JOHN S. Pharmacy.—Turnip Seeds.
RALEIGH Marble Works —Monuments.
REAVIS J. H.—Cobbler.
ROWLAND, D S.—Physician.
SIMPSON'S Eczema Cure. Pharmacist.
STRONACH'S, W. C. Sons. Grocers.
WHITING Bros.—Clothing.
WILLIAMS, A. & Co. School Books.

National Educational Association Detroit, Mich, July 7-12, 1901.

One fare for round trip from all points, plus $1.00 membership fee. Rate from Raleigh $18 80 via Richmond, $20.60 via Washington. Tickets sold July 5, 6 and 7, return limit July 16. An extension of final limit may be obtained to September 1st, by depositing ticket before July 12 with the Joint Agent at Deroit and on payment of fee of fifty cents.

International Christian Endeavor Convention, Cincinnati, Ohio, July 6-10, 1901.

One first-class fare for round trip from all points; rate from Raleigh $16 55, tickets sold July 4, 5 and 6, return limit July 14. Extension of the final limit may be obtained to September 1st by depositing ticket with Joint Agent at Cincinnati on or before July 10th, and on payment of fee of fifty cents.

For further information write or call on

C. H. Gattis, C. T. & P. A.
Raleigh, N. C.
H. S. Leard, T. P. A.
Raleigh, N. C.

The Raleigh Market.

Current Prices of Farm and Garden Produce.

[The prices quoted are paid to the producer.]

Cotton..... 8½ to 8¾

FARM PRODUCTS

The market continues stiff on all farm products. Eggs and chickens very scarce and in demand.

Eggs--Fresh.....	11 to 12½
Poultry—Live, good.	
Chickens, old hens, large,...	30 to 35
Small hens.....	25
Chickens, hens.....	25
Hams, N Carolina,.....	12 to 15
Hams, Virginia,.....	18 to 16
Hams, Sugarcured,.....	18 to 15
Irish potatoes, new, per bus.	50 to 75
Lard, per pound.....	9¾ to 10
Butter, per pound.....	15 to 20
New cabbage per dozen	25 to 60
New tomatoes. per dozen	10 to 20
Huckleberries per qt.....	8 to 10

PEACE INSTITUTE AND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.
No better or more advanced School for girls. Leschetizky System of MUSIC.
It will pay you to ask Catalogue.
JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.
RALEIGH, N. C.

See Here Now.
If a man's in Love, that's his business.
If a girl's in Love, that's her business.
If they marry and want Groceries, that's our business.
A. N. Jones & Co,
Cor. Fayetteville & Davie Street.
RALEIGH, N. C.

Raleigh Marble Works

Shipments made to any part of the state at same price as at shop.
MONUMENTS—Send for Catalogue.
COOPER BROS., Proprietors,
Raleigh N C.

YOUR TEETH.
Are either the pride or bane of your life. If your teeth need attention you will do well to consult
DR. S. P. NORRIS
at New York Dental Association office. Prices are right and all work guaranteed. Interstate 'phone 306. Office. Holleman Building. Consultation free.

Dr. D. S. Rowland,
Physician and Surgeon.
Room 21 - Pullen Building.
Office hours, 9 to 10:30 a. m. and 2:30 to 5:30 p. m.
Bell 'Phone, No. 253.
RALEIGH, N. C.

RUBBER GOODS.
—A COMPLETE LINE—
Lowest Prices.
OURLEADER—
2 Quart Fountain Syringe, 3 hard Rubber pipes, fully guaranteed.
$1.00.
C. B. CROWELL & CO., Druggist.
120 Fayetteville St.

FOR | STAPLE,
GROCERIES,
| FANCY.
SEE
W. B. MANN,
ON EAST HARGETT STREET
Prompt Attention,
Best Prices.
RALEIGH, N. C.

BISHOP
REPAIRS
Bicycles
Lawn Mowers, Sewing Machines, Guns, Rifles and Pistols. Prompt and Skilfull work, most Reasonble Prices.
J. M. BISHOP,
332 South Wilmington Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.

W. C. STRONACH'S SONS.
Agents for Chase & Sanborn's Coffees and Teas.
The Thousands Kitchen Bouquet—Highly Recommended by Mrs. Rorer.
ROLLER CHAMPION FLOUR.
HE-NO TEA.
HOLLOWAY'S BUTTER.
Gordon & Dillworth's Table Delicacies.
STRONACH'S SONS.
Wholesale and Retail Grocers.

Anticephalalgine
The Original HEADACHE and NEURALGIA CURE.
SAFEST — AND -- BEST
25 and 50 cents a bottle
For Sale by all Druggists.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
High class Goods. Lowest prices.
My Clocks are reliable—any style.
The little intermittent alarm clock is a sure worker. Every home needs one.
Repairing Done Honestly and Carefully.
If you are thinking of purchasing a Watch or watch-charm or other Jewelry, come to see me.
T. W. Blake, Raleigh, N. C.
Local Inspector for S. A. L.

H. J. Brown Coffin House.
JOHN W. BROWN, PROPRIETOR
FUNERAL Director and Embalmer,
207, 209 and 211
SOUTH SALISBURY STREET
RALEIGH, N. C.

Have You Lost Your SOLE?
If so get REAVIS to replace it for you.
SHOES re-heeled and half-soled, sewed, $1.00. Half soled, sewed, 75 cents. For tacking heels and half soles, 75 cents.
For tacking soles 50 cents. Cheaper rates given on ladies and children shoes. All work neatly done and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
J. H. Reavis,
Cor. Morgan & Wilmington St.
RALEIGH, N. C.

Interior Decorations,
HOUSEHOLD ART, PRICELESS
HEIRLOOMS RENOVATED
and repaired made to last another century, such as desks, chairs etc. Advice and estimates gladly given. Order work a specialty.
BOYD FURNITURE COMPANY,
106 South Blount Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.

DO YOU WANT
ANY PRINTING?
ALMOST EVERYBODY DOES SOMETIME. SEND YOUR ORDERS
To The Capital Printing Company,
The "Hustling Printers" of the South.
QUICK WORK—GOOD WORK—PRETTY WORK.
RALEIGH, N. C.

R. F. GIERSCH,
RESTAURANT AND LUNCH ROOM
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN. AN INVITING AND PLEASANT RESORT. EVERYTHING IN SEASON.
216 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.
BANQUETS AND DINNERS A SPECIALTY.

GOOD HOME REMEDIES
"King Quality" is Everything Bearing our Label.
DIRECTORS: W. H. King, Julian E. Johnston, B. S. Jerman, Hon. E. C. Smith, Prof. B. W. Kilgore, Capt. M. W. Page.
DR. BUDD'S SARSAPARILLA CORDIAL
Purifies the Blood. Full Pint, 75 cents.
KING'S HEADACHE TABLETS;
Sample mailed on request. Regular boxes, 25c.
KING'S FLY KING.
Keeps Flies off Horses, 25 cents.
JOHNSTON'S WORM CANDY,
Mailed on receipt of price, 15 cents.
KING'S ANODYNE POROUS PLASTER, BEST PAIN PLASTER,
By Mail, 15 cents.
We carry a big Stock and give special attention to Mail Order business. We invite correspondence.
W. H. KING DRUG CO.
Wholesale and Prescription Druggists
RALEIGH, N. C.
BOX 288.

JNO. R. FERRALL. JOSHUA B. HILL
J. R. FERRALL & CO.,
GROCERS
222 Fayetteville Street.
Largest and best stock of STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES in the city.

McCEACHY, (McKIMMON'S OLD STAND.) Druggist,
ARE YOU LOOKING?
FOR DRUGS OF BEST STANDARD.
FOR TOILET ARTICLES OF TASTE.
For Soaps of Sweet and Dainty Perfume.
For Fresh and Prolific Garden and Flower Seeds
POLITE—ATTENTION.
McCEACHY,
133 Fayetteville St.
RALEIGH, N. C.

JOHN E. BRIDGERS & CO,
TAILORS —AND— HABERDASHERS.
Latest Styles in Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs and Shirts.
121 Fayetteville St., RALEIGH, N. C.

J. B. GREEN & CO.
BUY YOUR GROCERIES FROM J. B. GREEN & CO.
BEST GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.
No. 9. East Hargett Street, RALEIGH, N. C.

The Man With the Ax
NEEDS CLOTHES THAT WILL WEAR.
— This is the kind —
WHITING BROS.
Make a Specialty of, at Popular Prices. Men's and Boy's Shoes, 75c., $1.00 $1.25 and $1.50.

DIVORCE THIS SALE
From Every Other Advertised in the Papers This Week.
It's different in its origin—different in its purpose different in its importance—different in its results. It's worthy your attention—commands your confidence because it's purely and simply a sacrifice from natural causes of hundreds of Men's and Youth's Suits—taken from our own regular stock.
Not a garment has been brought in from the outside. Not an original price ticket has been changed—they tell the truth of actual value. No such variety was ever set before you at such a sacrifice. If we ever yielded to the temptation to carry one season's goods over to the next—these would never fall under the reduction knife. But you shall take the choice.
$7.75. Suits that Have Been $10, $12 and $13.50 $7.75.
The Flower of The Stock.
The qualities consist of plain and fancy Cheviots, Cassimeres, Worsteds—made as faithfully and to fit as perfectly as any custom tailor in the land could turn them out. We guaranteed them at $10, $12.50 and $13.50, and that guarantee holds good now at $7.75.
Buy Another Straw Hat. Now's your time—some of all styles in stock yet. Original prices in every hat You take your choice.
ONE-FOURTH OFF.
Don't miss the special Trouser values or come too late for the Wash Suits that go at half price.
S. & D. BERWANGER.
One Price Clothiers.

Public Schcol Books.
The Public Schools are now opening over the State, and will need supplies. These school books and supplies can be had at a discount to teachers and dealers from
ALFRED WILLIAMS & CO.,
RALEIGH, N. C

Simpson's Eczema Ointment
Cures All Skin Diseases.
CURED TO STAY CURED? YES, CURED TO STAY CURED! And that means CURED TO STAY CURED!
Sent by Mail for 25 cents.
William Simpson, Pharmacist, Raleigh, N. C.

Our Ladies' Ready to Wear Over Garments,
DOBBIN & FERRALL
At Tucker's Store.
Tailor Made Suits,
Separate Skirts,
Shirt Waists, Silk and Washable Kinds
The Largest and Most Select Stocks
AT LOWEST PRICES.
Come to Raleigh and be fitted. No extra charge for any attentions to further perfect the fit. Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

Our SHOES
are all new; therefore they are in right style and do not rip—but wear better. They are made especially for us, therefore we guarantee every pair that does not give satisfaction, and sell them cheaper than you can buy them elsewhere where they are bought of jobbers, as we save the middleman's profits.
Their style is right, their service is right, the price is right—these are the 3 things to consider. See them and convince yourself.
DANIEL ALLEN AND COMPANY.
SHOE DEALERS,
RALEIGH N. C

COUNTRY PRODUCE
WANTED
BY MOORE, THE GROCER. HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID, OR
Heavy and Fancy Groceries Exchanged.
FRESH ROASTED PEANUTS All The Time. Five Cents per Quart.
W. J. MOORE
122 East Hargett Street.

Woman and Home Circle.

WHEN I MARRIED MAMIE'S MOTHER.

The women folks are fixin' for a weddin' an' he fuss
The house is in here lately's only equaled by the muss
Of bastin' thread a-lyin' on the floor an' silken scraps
A-slippin' to the carpet off the sewin'-women's laps.
The finery they're fixin for our daughter's weddin' day,
An' her wardrobe, called a trousseau, will be simply grand they say;
There wa'nt no women flyin' round as crazy as a loon
When I married Mamie's mother in the golden month o' June!

I cannot help a-thinkin', when these ruffled things I see
The women folks a-makin', which they say's a lingerie,
All pieced up with embroidery, an' tucked around with lace,
In her mother's assortment them things never had a place.
Of course I like t' see 'em, an' it's sat isfyin', too,
T' think our girl can have all such, like folks that's well-to-do,
But with much less we entered on a happy life's forenoon
When I married Mamie's mother in the golden month o' June!

They've been t' see the florist an' have all arrangements made
For flowers, palms an' orchids—quite a fancy price they paid.
A very stylish preacher's been engaged t' tie the knot,
An', all in all, it seems t' me that nothin's been forgot.
We didn't have no flowers, but our life's been one of bliss,
We had a plain ol' parson, whom the bride paid with a kiss,
But two lives were simply blended an' two hearts were set in tune
When I married Mamie's mother in the golden month of June!

Should Diet Properly.

The system requires such a variety of elements it would be difficult to supply them without a mixed diet. While certain classes of foods may supply nearly or all of these elements within themselves—for example, we have milk and the wheat grain—these are not always available in proper condition of form. Milk is a perfect food for the infant, and nature designed it for this purpose; but it is not entirely suited for adults and often very objectionable to them. While the wheat grain supplies sufficient nutrition, it is a more appropriate food for the robust, who can assimilate it readily. The elements contained in the wheat grain are highly nutritious, but not so easily digested as the same principles found in the meats. They must be specially prepared when intended for the consumption and nutrition of delicate organisms.—Ex.

Fortune in a Mattress.

The police of Levallois-Perret, a suburb of Paris, were informed some little time ago of the sudden death of an old woman named Marguerite Blassau, who had long been regarded as a pauper. She had been in receipt of outdoor relief for a number of years, and had been regularly aided as well by charitable persons. The police doctor who inquired into the causes of her death found some $1000 in bank notes concealed about her clothing, and further investigations revealed the existence—stowed away in the woman's mattress—of a small fortune, consisting of bonds to the value of over $20,000 and a considerable sum in gold.

A Profit in Fowls.

The importance of keeping as many fowls as possible may be demonstrated by the fact that eggs are usually in demand at all seasons of the year and can be sold for cash. In proportion to the capital invested in poultry compared with large stock the profits are very large. The fowls give returns every month in the year, and if the supply of eggs begins to fall off there is some compensation in the higher prices obtained. Milk, as a rule, fluctuates but little in price compared with eggs, as the latter in winter will bring nearly twice as much as in summer. Good quarters, cleanliness and varied food will induce the hens to lay, both in summer and winter, and farmers will find it profitable to enlarge their flocks bestow care upon the fowls.

Unsettled.

Can you tell we what sort of weather we may expect next month? wrote a subscriber to the editor of a paper; and the editor replied as follows:

"It is my belief that the weather next month will be very much like your subscription."

The enquirer wondered for an hour what the editor was driving at, when he happened to think of the word, "unsettled." He sent in the required amount next day.

A Romance of The Wheat Pit.

The End of the Deal is the title of an unusually good business serial story which is to begin in an early number of the Saturday Evening Post, of Philadelphia. A famous transaction on the Chicago Board of Trade is the basis upon which the author, Mr. Will Payne, has founded this striking romance of the wheat pit. A charming love story runs through the stern and stirring plot.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
Prop's Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all busines transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

We have boiled the hydrant water,
We have sterilized the milk,
We have strained the prowling microbe
Through the finest kind of silk.
We have bought and we have borrowed
Every patent health devise,
And at last the doctor tells us
That we've got to boil the ice
—What To Eat.

Words of Wisdom.

A little balm may hold much blessing.

Faith is the force that makes motives.

Your may always suspect the suspicious man.

The softer the snow as it falls the deeper it will sink.

There can be a cheerful face only where there is a faithful heart.

He who stoops to meanness finds it hard to get the crick out of his back.

You can tell a man's price when you know what he will do for a principle.

When earthly goods become our greatest evil.

Many who are willing that their work should be done by proxy will be surprised to receive their reward that way.

He who cannot forget the kindness he has done is little better than he who remembers the injuries he has received.—Ram's Horn.

Just as he Expected.

Smart Set.

Withers—I told Pokerbeigh he would play the deuce if he married that girl.

Higgins—Well what has happened? "She has presented him with twins."

Sympathetic.

Chicago News.

She—I suppose I do look older, but nevertheless I've seen only twenty summers.

He—Poor girl! And couldn't the oculist do anything for you?

To Err is Human.

Smart Set.

Crawford—Many of us know enough to believe only half of what we hear.

Crabshaw—But the trouble is most of us believe the wrong half.

The ministers of a Texas town prayed for rain the other morning and in less than an hour a storm came along and wrecked a $15,000 church building. Here is a strong argument for shorter invocations.—Washington Post.

A Contrast.

St Louis Globe-Democrat.

In France the interest charge on the public debt of $200,000,000 a year, a per capita of over $5. In the United States the interest charge is less than thirty million dollars a year, a per capita of 39 cents. Uncle Sam heads the list of great nations in financial conditions and prospects.

Supposed Discovery of Oil.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 19.—A special from Friendsville, Tenn., says the entire population is excited over the finding of what is believed to be oil on a farm near the town. The supposed oil was struck at a depth of only 46 feet.

Life, Love, Religion, these three are one. Tell me what you love supremely and I will tell you your destiny. Our philosophy and our morality must lead us at last to one thought—the idea of God.—Fichte.

Every week more than a million dollars is sent out of the United States in payment of coffee.—Ex.

A Plague of Beggars in Kinston

Kinston, N. C., July 19.—Numerous complaints are reaching the police of beggars and other loafers in the residence districts of Kinston, where the women and children are being continually frightered by them. The people are on the lookout for burglars and at the least evidence of real danger are prepared to take decisive steps to protect themselves and their families.

Rheumatism

Rheumatic pains are the cries of protest and distress from tortured muscles, aching joints and excited nerves. The blood has been poisoned by the accumulation of waste matter in the system, and can no longer supply the pure and health sustaining food they require. The whole system feels the effect of this acid poison; and not until the blood has been purified and brought back to a healthy condition will the aches and pains cease.

Mrs. James Kell, of 707 Ninth street, N. E, Washington, D. C., writes as follows: "A few months ago I had an attack of Sciatic Rheumatism in its worst form. The pain was so intense that I became completely prostrated. The attack was an unusually severe one, and my condition was regarded as being very dangerous. I was attended by one of the most able doctors in Washington, who is also a member of the faculty of a leading medical college here. He told me to continue his prescriptions and I would get well. After having it filled twelve times without receiving the slightest benefit, I declined to continue his treatment any longer. Having heard of S. S. S. (Swift's Specific recommended for Rheumatism, I decided, almost in despair however, to give the medicine a trial and after I had taken a few bottles I was able to hobble around on crutches, and very soon there after had no use for them at all. S. S. S. having cured me sound and well. All the distressing pains have left me, my appetite has returned and I am happy to be again restored to perfect health.

SSS the great vegetable purifier and tonic, is the ideal remedy in all rheumatic troubles. There are no opiates or minerals in it to disturb the digestion and lead to ruinous habits.

We have prepared a special book on Rheumatism which every sufferer from this painful disease should read. It is the most complete and interesting book of the kind in existence. It will be sent free to any one desiring it. Write our physicians fully and freely about your case. We make no charge for medical advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

NOTICE OF SALE.

I will, on Monday July 1st 1901, expose to public sale at the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in this city, a lot of Old Furniture, consisting of Lounges, Washstands, Chairs, Carpets etc. Terms of sale cash.

E. C. DUNCAN,
Custodian.

June 12th 1901.

R·I·P·A·N·S

A Heavy Feeling After Eating.

Mr. Harry M. White, aged forty-one years, conductor Pennsylvania R. R., living 910 N. 29th St., Philadelphia, Pa., writes under date of May 4, 1898: For years I suffered with a heavy feeling after eating and headaches, and sometimes when I would stoop to catch a switch I would get so giddy that I would have to stand awhile to get so I could perform my duty. I took phosphate of sodium, lemon juice, bromoseltzer, baking soda, and doctored with homeopathic physicians and got no relief. One day when out on the road I picked up a circular telling of Ripans Tabules and I thought I would try them. I am happy to say I found relief in the first box I got. I can eat things now that made me sick before. My wife had wind dyspepsia and I advised her to try the Ripans Tabules. She got so much better that I bought a dozen boxes and would not be without them in my house if they cost me two dollars a box. I recommend Ripans Tabules to any one who is afflicted like I was.

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R.I.P.A.N.S Tabule, and the price, 10 for 5 cents, does not bar them from any home or justify any one in enduring ills that are easily cured. For sale by Druggists.

The Mercury Reached 112.

Selma, Ala., was the warmest place in the South, 112 degrees being recorded. Montgomery reported 105 and Mobile 102 on July 12.

A SUSTAINING DIET.

These are the enervating days, when, as somebody has said, men drop by the sunstroke as if the day fire had dawned. They are fraught with danger to people whose systems are poorly sustained; and this leads us to say, in the interest of the less robust of our readers, that the full effect of Hood's Sarsaparilla is such as to suggest the propriety of calling this medicine something besides a blood purifier and tonic,—say, a sustaining diet. It makes it much easier to bear the heat, assures refreshing sleep, and will without any doubt avert much sickness at this time of year.

Men can be cured privately and positively at home of all weakness and disease. Write for new free book to Dr. J. N. Hathaway, 22½ S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. tf.

Now is the time to subscribe to the CAUCASIAN. Only $1.00 a year.

A Shock of Earthquake.

Mexico City, July 12.—Last night a shock of earthquake was felt. It was severe but of brief duration.

Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Diuretic.

May be worth to you more than $100 if you have a child who soils bedding from incontenence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once. $1. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, Druggist.

DISTRESSING STOMACH DISEASE.

Permanently cured by the masterly power of "SOUTH AFRICAN NERVINE TONIC." Invalids need suffer no longer, because this great remedy can cure them all. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and indigestin. The cure begins with the first dose. The relief it brings is marvelous and surprising. It makes no failure; never disappoints. No matter how long you have suffered, your cure is certain under the use of this great health-giving force. Pleasant and always safe. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, Druggist, Raleigh, N C.

Reasons Why you Should

Insure in the *The Manhattan Life*

Its business is confined strictly to the most healthy portions of the United States, thus its policyholders constitute what you might call a preferred class.

It is one of the strongest companies in the World, and its assets are big enough—$16,367,636.00—all gilt edged, and are invested entirely in America, thus receiving the constant care and attention of the officers of the company.

It is an American company, amenable only to our own laws and not subject to the dictation of various foreign governments.

It is not a racer for new business, the watch words of the company being, Strength, Solidity and Security.

Its policies are simple, clean, straightforward contracts.

Its management has been practically the same for a quarter of a century.

It has paid its policyholders since organizatiod over $45,000,000.00.

We judge a company as we do a man. What are its morals? When other companies deserted the Southern Policy-holder, and used bot the money he had contributed towards their success, and their influence to destroy him, the Manhattan stayed firm as a rock—"Justice" wa their motto. See what a distinguished Statesman of Georgia says:

STATE OF GEORGIA,

Treasury Department.

Atlanta, Ga., May 12, 1891.

Why Mr. Hardeman had a policy in the MANHATTAN LIFE.

Maj. Jos. H. Morgan, Special Agt. Atlanta.

Dear Sir:—As agent of the Manhattan Life Insurance Company of New York, it affords me pleasure to say to you that my father was insured in your company, and by reason of the late war, he was unable to reach your company and pay his premiums as they fell due; and that after the cessation of hostilities, my father having died during the war, your company have paid to my mother the amount of his policy less the amount of premium unpaid. Yours Truly,

(Signed) R. U. HARDEMAN, State Treaturer.

And this was not an isolated case by no means.

So soon as the civil war was over the Manhattan announced that the company was ready to communicate with the old policyholders, inviting them to reinstate their policies, making one condition only, that the policyholders should be in good health.

Such an act of generosity was unthought of by any other company or corporation.

Knowing that their Southern policyholders were, most of them, men who had made every sacrific possible for the land that they loved, and that had been reduced from affluence to poverty, they offered, in lieu of ready money to accept a note covering the entire premium during the time that payments had lapsed. In addition to that they placed these policies on the same footing of other policies of the same date, in regard to dividends and and annuities.

The company went even further: In cases where the insurer was unable to comply with these very liberal terms, or did not care to renew the policy during these troublesome times, the Manhattan agreed to pay the purchase value of the policy as it stood on the date of the lapse from the non-payment of premiums

Although the Manhattan has made no boast of this act of generosity, which was not followed by other Northern Companies, "on the ground that the disloyalty of Southern policyholders vitiated their contracts," still it remains on record that the Manhattan was true and steadfast, honest and equitable, when all others forsook the old soldiers in the time of their direst necessity.

RATIO OF PAYMENTS TO POLICYHOLDERS TO PREMIUMS RECEIVED FROM ORGANIZATIPN TO JANUARY 1ST, 1900.

Company.	Commenced Business.	Premiums Received.	Paid to Policyholders.	Paid per $100 rec'd
Manhattan Life,	Aug, 1850,	$55,763,054	$45,346,055	$81,31
Mutual Life,	Feb., 1843,	728,253,694	510,449,169	70.09
Mass. Mut. Life,	Aug. 1851,	60,268,275	37,647,130	62.47
Penn Mutual,	May, 1847,	87,749,054	52,215,293	59.51
New York Life,	April, 1845,	527,888,388	298,198,195	56.49
Equitable,	July, 1859,	593,109,594	322,786,211	54.42
Northwestern,	Nov., 1858,	209,752,220	107,316,914	51.16
National Life,	Feb., 1850,	36,598,233	18,006,228	49.20
Union Central,	March, 1867,	43,864,891	17,344,844	39.54

This is how the Manhattan has earned its title, "The Old Reliable."

BUTLER & AYER, General Agents, Raleigh, N. C.
Tucker Building.

Shirt Waists on Portly Men.

New York Sun.

How about the shirt waist on a figure which forbids the trousers being kept up without suspenders? This is an obstacle in the shirt waist's path. To become really fashionable a garment must be adapted to all shapes.

Special Rates via S. A. L. Railway.

On account of the National Convention Epworth League, San Francisco, Cal., July 18th-21st, the Seaboard Air Line Railway will sell round trip tickets from all points in North Carolina; rate from Raleigh $65.25. Tickets will be sold from July 5th to 12th, inclusive, good returning until August 3rd by depositing ticket with Joint Agent at San Franscisco and on payment of fee of 50 cents. For tickets either going or returning, one way only, through Portland or Puget Sound, via Shasta Route or steamer, $9.00 will be added to rate For tickets going via Ogden, returning via Los Angeles, San Francisco and Shasta Route, or going via Portland and Shasta Route to San Francisco, returning via Los Angeles and Ogden, $13.00 will be added to rate. Stop overs will be permitted at and West of Colorado common points Cheyenne to Trinidad, Fort Worth and San Antonia, Tex. East of these points tickets will be good only for continuous passage, passengers to reach point of sale not later than August 31st. Any parties desiring to take this trip can do so and the Seaboard Air Line will pay special attention to those using its line and upon application to the undersigned any information will be furnished.

C. H. GATTIS, C. P. & T. A.
Raleigh, N. C.
H. S. LEARD, T. P. A.
Raleigh, N. C.

Quick Route to Buffalo.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway has inaugurated a fast schedule between Raleigh and Buffalo, which leaves Raleigh at 10:42 a. m. on their Florida and Atlanta Fast Mail, arrives Washington 7:05 p. m., leaves Washington on the Buffalo Night Express over the Penn. R. R. at 7:15 p. m., and arrives Buffalo next morning 7:35 a. m. This train carries Pullman car and day coaches from Raleigh to Washington and Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping cars and day coaches between Washington and Buffalo. This is decidedly the quickest route to Buffalo. The rate via this route, account of the Pan-American Exposition, from Raleigh is $29.25, limited 15 days from date of sale, and $32 70, limited until Nov. 3rd. The above rates also apply via Philadelphia and D. L. & W. R. R., also via Norfolk, Bay Line B. & O. R. R., through Philadelphia and thence Lehigh Valley R. R.

Parties desiring to take this trip can get tickets and Pullman berths reserved and any information at the Seaboard Air Line Railway's up-town ticket office in the Yarborough House.

C. H. GATTIS, C. P. & T. A.
Raleigh, N. C.
H. S. LEARD, T. E. A.
Raleigh, N. C.

FREE TO LADIES

My MONTHLY REGULATOR is the only one that is harmless and never fails. Box FREE. MRS. B. ROWAN, B 207 Milwaukee, Wis.

AGENTS, Booker T. Washington has written the story of his life and work. He gives his views on the Negro Problem and all his best speeches. White and colored people are giving advanced orders. A bonanza for agents. Both white and colored agents make money with this book. Write today.

J. L. NICHOLS & CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Take NERVO TABLETS, The Great Brain, Blood and Nerve Tonic.

A Purely Vegetable Remedy that acts directly on the Nervous System, Brain and Blood. Revitilizing and replacing wasted Nerve Force. Strengthens and feeds the Tired Brain. Builds up the Impoverished Blood, makes it red, and rich, and the pale cheeks rosy and plump.

A SEXUAL TONIC.—Acts immediately and directly on the Sexual Organs, at once imparting tone, strength and vigor, no matter how hopeless your case may seem. Positively stops night losses at once. Cures Nervous Debility, Dizziness, Failing Spells, Loss of Memory, Bad Dreams, Sexual Exhaustion, Languor, Tired Feeling, Sleeplessness, Indigestion, Constipation, and Kidney Diseases.

THE LATEST DISCOVERY—For all diseases caused by a weak, run-down condition of the nervous system, cures the bad effects of tobacco and whisky, opium, etc. The very best remedy yet discovered for lost nerve force, and will not harm anyone or leave any bad effects on the system no matter how long used, but on the other hand nothing but good results will follow. If you simply feel bad there is nothing better to take.

PRICE 50 CENTS A BOX.—Which is ten days treatment, (*sealed by mail*) 5 boxes $2. Postage stamps taken same as cash. Convenient to carry and take. Try one box and you can have your money back if you are not satisfied.

ARREST DECAY.—By taking this latest scientific discovery. Strengthens, cleanses and purifies the entire system, makes the old feel young. Try one box, after that if they were $5.00 a box you would have them.

JUST FROM EUROPE.—Latest and best discovery in medical science. Guaranteed to cure any nervous disorder. Produces warmth, vigor and power. Imparts the feeling and power of youth.

ARE YOUR SEXUAL ORGANS WEAK OR INDIFFERENT.—If so your nervous system needs a tonic before you become a total wreck. Write us for this latest scientific discovery. It is a positive cure for all nervous diseases, or weak parts.

DO YOU SLEEP WELL?—If not, we guarantee this late discovery will cure you or refund your money.

THE BEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.—Makes your skin clear and smooth, fills out your pale cheeks, gives you a healthy, robust appearance. Makes life enjoyable.

THE NERVO REMEDY CO.,
358 WEST JEFFERSON STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY. SOLE AGENTS FOR THE U. S.

THE
Cash Buyers' Supply Company

Will furnish you (if cash accompanies the order) anything needed at home, on the farm or in your place of business, and SAVE YOU MONEY. We keep no goods, no store, hire no clerks or collectors; but, instead, purchase direct from manufacturers, wholesale dealers, jobbers, &c., AT LOWEST CASH PRICES, and for cash.

If you need any AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT or MACHINERY, FARM SEEDS HARDWARE, IRON ROOFING, WIRE FENCING, GROCERIES, FRUIT TREES, FRUITS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, SEWING MACHINES BOOKS, STATIONERY, FURNITURE, DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, CLOTHING, TOMBSTONES, BLOODED STOCK or POULTRY, OR ANYTHING ELSE, write for prices.

☞ Below are prices on a few leading articles, DELIVERED at any depot in North Carolina: Two horse wagons, neat and durable, $33; one horse wagon $22.50; dump carts $20; cart wheels and axle $11.50; high arm, 5-drawer, drop-head sewing machine, with latest attachments, $16; nice cottage organ $35; chapel organ $40; beautiful 7⅓ octave pianos, splendid tone and well made, $145 and up, according to style of case and finish.

If we cannot save you money we do not want your orders.

W. S. BARNES,
Manager.
Raleigh, N. C.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents Dandruff and hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

Our books, telling about composition of fertilizers best adapted for all crops, are free to farmers.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

W. R. SMITH'S COLLEGE, LEXINGTON, KY.

is where many young men, after investing from $5 to $50 for tuition, board, etc., have been educated for positions as Book-keepers, Stenographers, Telegraphers, and now receive from $500 to $1,500 salary per year. Kentucky University Diploma awarded its graduates. Has College Pocket Medal of the World's Exposition, and refers to thousands of successful graduates. No charge for tuition. Largest and most influential College in the South. Catalogue free. Write at once for reference. Read advertisement next week.

FREE ELECTRIC BELT OFFER

WITH WRITTEN 5 YEAR STRONG BINDING GUARANTEE TO CURE OR REFUND MONEY.

Sent on trial to prove our claims. Cures when all other remedies fail. Quick cure for all nervous troubles, lame back, rheumatism, kidney troubles, lost manhood, impotency, nervousness, varicocele, etc. Gives vitality, strength and vigor to weak men. Only genuine Electric Belt with Electric Suspensory attachment. Only Belt that will cure you while you sleep. Only Belt that will not burn or blister the skin. Only Belt that will cure you in 60 days. Only Belt that will cure you at all. Only Belt that will cure you at a reasonable price. Only Belt that will cure you at any price. Only Belt that will cure you. Only Belt. Only. Belt. ALMOST NOTHING compared with most all other treatments. Cures when all other belts, appliances and remedies fail. QUICK CURE for more than 53 diseases. ONLY REMEDY for all nervous diseases, weaknesses and disorders. For complete illustrated confidential catalogue, cut this ad out and mail to us.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Chicago.

Good Times.
MONTHLY.

The Only High Class Monthly, at 25c a Year, in the World

Sixteen Pages, Four Columns to the Page.

Every page a Magazine in itself; each department edited by "one who knows how;" every number a mine of information and entertainment.

CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

One Short Story. Biographical Tid Bits. Popular Science. Amateur Photography. All the Comforts of Home. The Family Lawyer. Department of Health. The Editor's Half Holiday. The Quiz Club (prize question department.) The Old Curiosity Shop. Sports, Games and Pastimes. Home Study. The Coming Generation. The First Thousand, and What to Do With It, (practical success department.) The Story of the World. When the Day's Work Is Done.

Sample Copy for the Asking. *Address* GOOD TIMES, Columbus, O.

CURRENT RAILROAD SHEDULES AND ANNOUNCEMENTS.

New Up-Town Offices of New York City.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway has opened an up-town office at 1183 Broadway, New York City, corner twenty-eighth street. Its down-town passenger office at 387 Broadway is still maintained.

Any information as to tickets, rates, sleeping car reservations, building and manufacturing sites in the State, are cheerfully furnished at this office.

MILEAGE TICKETS REDUCED.

Seaboard Air Line Railway one thousand mile tickets are now sold from all points on its lines at rate of $35.00, including those previously sold in the State of Florida at $30.000. These tickets are good over the entire Seaboard Air Line Railway system and are honored between Richmond and Washington by the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac and Pennsylvania railroads, between Portsmouth and Baltimore by the Baltimore Steam Packet Company (Bay Line) and between Clinton and Columbia, S. C., by the Columbia, Newberry & Laurens Railroad. All tickets which have been sold at $25,00 and endorsed "not good in State of Florida" will be honored over the entire system, including lines in Florida, regardless of such endorsements

A. & N. C. RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE 20

To take effect July 10 1901, at 12:01 A. M.
Supersedes Time Table No. 20, June 16 1900,

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

STATIONS	5 Daily passengers,	3 Passenger Daily
	A. M.	P. M.
Lv. Goldsboro*	7 50	5 40
Best's	8 05	6 00
LaGrange*	8 13	6 09
Falling Creek	8 23	6 20
Kinston	8 30	6 32
Caswell	8 46	6 46
Ar Dover*	8 55	6 55
Lv Dover		6 55
Core's Creek	9 07	7 07
Tuscarora	9 21	7 19
Clark's	9 25	7 25
Ar New Bern*	9 40	7 40
Lv New Bern	9 50	7 50
Riverdale	10 15	8 15
Croatan	10 18	8 18
Havelock	10 30	8 30
Newport*	10 43	8 43
Wildwood	10 49	8 49
Atlantic	10 54	8 54
Ar Morehead City*	11 02	9 02
Lv Morehead City	11 07	9 07
Atlantic Hotel.		
Ar M. City Depot*	11 15	9 15

WESTBOUMD TRAINS.

STATIONS	Passenger Daily	Daily except Sunday, Mx'd solid Frt' cars and Passenger
	A. M.	P. M.
Ar Goldsboro*	11 05	8 55
Bests	s 10 43	s 8 33
W LaGrange	s 10 32	s 8 22
Falling Creek	s 10 22	s 8 12
W Kinston*	s 10 12	s 8 02
Caswell	f 9 50	f 7 50
Ar Dover*	s 9 42	s 7 42
Lv Dover	s 9 40	
W Core Creek	s 9 30	s 7 30
Tuscarora	s 9 20	s 7 20
Clark's	f 9 12	f 7 12
Ar New Bern*	s 9 00	s 7 00
Lv New Bern	s 8 37	6 47
Riverdale	f 8 13	f 6 23
Croatan	f 8 09	s 6 19
Havelock	s 8 00	s 6 10
W Newport	s 7 46	s 5 56
Wildwood	f 7 39	f 5 49
Atlantic	f 7 35	f 5 42
Ar Morehead City*	s 7 27	s 5 37
Lv Morehead City	7 22	5 35
Atlantic Hotel.		
Ar M. City Depot* Lv	7 05	5 20

W—Water station. f—Stop on Signal. s—Regular Stop. *—Telegraph Station.

S. L. DILL, Gen. Supt.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

The Standard Railway of The South.

The Direct Line to all points

Texas - California
Florida - Cuba
and Porto Rico.

Strictly FIRST CLASS Equipment on all through and local trains; Pullman Palace Sleeping cars on all night trains. Fast and safe schedules.

Travel by the Southern and you are assured a safe, comfortable and expeditious journey.

Apply to ticket agents for time tables, rates and general information, or address

(No trouble to answer questions)

S. H. HARDWICK, G. P. A.,
Washington. D. C.

R L VERNON, TPA Charlotte, N C
THAD C STURGIS, CTA Raleigh, N C

S. A. L. RAILWAY

Direct Line to All Points in

Georgia,
Alabama,
Florida,
Texas,
Cuba and
Porto Rico.

FAST LIMITED AND EXPRESS TRAINS, FIRST-CLASS EQUIPMENT and the best accommodation. Day coaches and Buffet Sleeping cars on all trains.

Travel by the "FLORIDA AND METROPOLITAN LIMITED," and you are assured of a quick and a comfortable journey.

Unequaled Dining ar Service.

JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice-President and General Manager.

Call on or write for time tables, rates and other information to

C. H. GATTIS, C. P. and T. A, RALEIGH, N. C.
H. S. LEARD, T. P. A., HAMLET, N. C.
R. E. L. BUNCH, G. P. A., PORTSMOUTH, VA

W. & W. R. R.

AND BRANCHES.
AND ATLANTIC COAST LINE R R COMPANY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE
TRAINS GOING SOUTH

DATED Jan 13, 1901.	No. 52 Daily.	No. 28 Daily.	No. 108 Sunday.	No. 41 Daily.	No. 48 Daily
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Lv Weldon	11 50	8 58			
Ar Rocky Mount,	1 00	9 53			
Lv Tarboro	12 21		6 00		
Lv Rocky	1 08	10 02	6 37	6 15	12 52
Lv Wilson	1 50	10 40	7 10	6 57	2 40
Lv Selma	2 50	11 18			
Lv Fayette	4 30	12 35			
Ar Florence	7 35	2 40			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Goldsboro			7 52	6 42	3 30
Magnolia				7 51	4 35
Wilmington				9 20	6 00
				P. M.	A. M. P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH

	No. 73 Daily.	No. 108 Sunday.	No. 32 Daily.	No. 42 Daily.	No. 49 Daily.
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 50		7 35		
Lv Fayetteville	12 15		9 41		
Lv Selma	1 50		11 35		
Ar Wilson	2 35		12 12		
		A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 00	9 25
Lv Magnolia				8 30	11 10
Lv Goldsboro		4 50		9 37	12 26
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv Wilson	2 35	5 33	12 13	10 45	1 18
Ar Rocky Mount,	3 30	6 10	12 45	11 23	1 55
Ar Tarboro		6 46			
Lv Tarboro	2 27				
Lv Rocky Mount,	3 30		12 45		
Ar Weldon	4 32		1 39		
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington 9 00 a. m., arrives Fayetteville 12 05 p. m., leaves Fayetteville 12 25 p. m., arrives Sanford 1 43 p. m. Returning leaves Sanford 30 5 p. m., arrive Fayetteville 4 20 p. m., leave Fayetteville 4 30 p. m., arrives Wilmington 9 25 p. m.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 805 a. m., Maxton 9 05 a. m., Red Springs 9 05 a. m., Hope Mills 10 55 a. m., arrive Fayetteville 11 10. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4 45 p. m., Hope Mills 5 00 p. m., Red Springs 5 43 p. m., Maxton 6 16 p. m., arrives Bennettsville 7 15 p. m.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No 78 at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3 55 p. m., Halifax 4 17 p. m., arrives Scotland Neck at 5 08 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7 50 a. m., Greenville 8:53 a. m., arriving Halifax 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:35 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:25 a. m. and 2:30 p. m., arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m., returning leave Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6:30 p. m., arrive Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday 5:30 p. m., Sunday 4:15 p. m., arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m., 8 10 p.m., returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 7:50 a. m., and Sunday 9 a. m., arrives Tarboro 10:10 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily, except Sunday, 5:00 a. m., arriving Smithfield 6:10 a. m., returning leaves Smithfield 7:00 a. m., arrives at Goldsboro 8:25 a. m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 9:30 a. m., 3 40 p. m., arrive Nashville 10 20 a. m., 4 05 p. m., Spring Hope 11 00 a. m., 4 25 p. m., returning leave Spring Hope 1120 a. m., 4 55 p.m., Nashville 11 45 a. m., 5 25 p. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 12 00 a. m., 6 p. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 11:40 a. m., and 4:25 p. m., returning leaves Clinton at 2 45 a. m. and 2:50 p. m.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Pass Ag't
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Man.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager

FLORIDA WEST INDIA SHORT LINE SAL

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS
DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE
"CAPITAL CITY ROUTE."

Short line to principal cities of the South and Southwest, Florida, Cuba, Texas, California and Mexico, reaching the Capitals of six States.

IN EFFECT MAY 26, 1901.

SOUTHBOUND.

	Daily No. 31	Daily No. 37
Lv Raleigh	4 10 am	7 40 pm
ar Hamlet	7 00 am	10 35 pm
ar Columbia*	10 35 am	1 0o pm
Ar Savannah	1 47 pm	4 52 am
Ar Jacksonville	6 10 pm	9 15 am
Ar Tampa	6 15 am	5 4o pm
	No 31.	No. 41.
Lv Raleigh	4 10 am	8 55pm
ar Hamlet	7 00 am	7 30 pm
ar Wilmington,	12 0.pm	
Ar. Charlotte,	10 0x am	10 15 pm
Ar Atlanta	3 50 pm	8 00